



STRONG H

**Stock Code
4560**

**STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY
(CAYMAN) INCORPORATION**

**2026 Annual General Meeting
Meeting Handbook**

Time: June 16 2026 (Tuesday)

Convening Means: Physical shareholders meeting

**Place: 4F., No. 6, Minquan Rd., Taoyuan Dist., Taoyuan City ,Taiwan (R.O.C.)
(KNOWLEDGE & WEALTH)**

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I. Opening Ceremony

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation 2026 Opening Ceremony of the Annual Shareholders General Meeting

I. Announcement of the General Meeting in session

II. The address of the Chairman to the session

III. Reports

IV. Ratification

V. Discussion

VI. Extemporaneous Motions

VII. Adjournment of the meeting

II. Meeting Agenda

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Agenda of 2026 General Meeting

Time: June 16 2026 (Tuesday), 10:00 am.

Place: 4F., No. 6, Minquan Rd., Taoyuan Dist., Taoyuan City ,Taiwan (R.O.C.)
(KNOWLEDGE & WEALTH)

I. Announcement of the session.

II. Chairman addresses the meeting.

III. Reports.

(I) 2025 Business Report of the Company.

(II) 2025 Review Report of the Auditing Committee.

(III) Remuneration to the Directors and employees in 2025.

IV. Ratification.

(I) 2025 Consolidated Financial Statements and Business Report.

(II) 2025 Proposal for Distribution of Income.

V. Discussion

(I) Amendment to the “Articles of Incorporation” of the Company.

(II) Amendment to the “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings” of the Company.

(III) Amendment to the “Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets” of the Company.

VI. Extemporaneous Motions.

VII. Adjournment of the meeting.

Reports

Motion No. 1:

Subject: 2025 Business Report for Ratification.

Description: The 2025 Business Report of the company is exhibited on p.7-11 of the Handbooks (Attachment I).

Motion No. 2:

Subject: 2025 Review Report of the Auditing Committee for ratification.

Description: The 2025 Review Report of the Auditing Committee is exhibited on p.12 of the Handbook (Attachment II).

Motion No. 3

Subject: Remuneration to the Directors and employees in 2025.

Description:

- 1.Pursuant to Article 102 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, all Directors are entitled to no more than 3% of the “annual profit” as remuneration payable in cash. Likewise, the employees of the Company and subsidiaries are entitled to at least 1% of the “annual profit” of the Company as remuneration payable in cash, stock or the combination of both.
- 2.The Board resolved to paid the Directors the 2025 amount of NT\$2,098,856 (Withdrawal ratio 1%) and the employees the amount of NT\$2,098,856 (Withdrawal ratio 1%) as remunerations payable in cash in the session dated March 5 2026
3. The above remuneration is not different from the estimated amount of expenses recognized in the 2025 financial statements.

Ratification

Motion No. 1 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: 2025 Consolidated Financial Statements and Business Report for ratification.

Description:

1. The 2025 Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company have been audited by Chuang Wen-Yuan and Yang, Ching-Ting, CPAs of Deloitte Taiwan with the issuance of Auditor's Report and unqualified opinion. The audited financial statements and Business Report are hereby submitted to this annual general meeting of the shareholders for recognition.
2. For information on the aforementioned reports and statements, refer to p.7-11(Attachment I) and p.13-22(Attachment III).
3. Ratification requested.

Resolution:

Motion No. 2 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: 2025 Proposal for Distribution of Income for ratification.

Description:

1. The Company had net income amounting to NT\$205,698,999 in 2025, and has appropriated for legal reserve amounting to NT\$20,569,900, add to the special surplus reserve that has been set aside to be transferred back to NT\$6,349,757 and the undistributed income at the beginning of the period amounting to NT\$515,088,963. The income available for distribution in current period amounted to NT\$.720,787,962.
2. The Board proposed to appropriate cash dividend from the aforementioned income available for distribution in 2025 amounting to NT\$ 102,145,860 at NT\$1.5/share. The table of distribution is exhibited on p.23 of the Handbook (Attachment IV).
3. The payment of cash dividend for this year will be round to the nearest NTD. The fraction less than NT\$1 will be recognized as other income of the Company.
4. Upon the ratification of the Shareholders Meeting on the proposal of distribution of income, authorized chairman shall determine the ex-dividend day, payment day, and related matters.
5. In case of change in the quantity of outstanding shares of the Company before the ex-dividend day for the payment of dividend of this period, to the extent that the ratio of dividend payment was affected that adjustment becomes necessary, the chairman shall be authorized with full discretion in handling related matters.
6. Ratification requested.

Resolution:

Discussion

Motion No. 1 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: Amendment to the “Articles of Incorporation” of the Company and is opened for discussion.

Description:

1. In accordance with the Letter No. 11517004751 dated February 4, 2026, issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TWSE) regarding the amendment of the 'Checklist of Shareholder Rights Protection Matters in the Country of Registration of a Foreign Issuer,' the Company has amended certain articles of its 'Articles of Incorporation' accordingly. For the comparison table of the amended articles, please refer to Attachment V on pages 24-27 of this handbook.
2. Opened for Discussion.

Resolution:

Motion No.2 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: Amendment to the “Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings” of the Company and is opened for discussion.

Description:

1. In accordance with Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TWSE) Letter No. 1140024365 dated December 23, 2025, amending the 'Regulations Governing Content and Compliance Requirements for Shareholders' Meeting Agenda Handbooks of Public Companies,' and TWSE Letter No. 11500029701 dated March 5, 2026, the Company has amended certain articles of its 'Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings. For the comparison table of the amended articles, please refer to Attachment VI on pages 28-31 of this handbook. °
2. Opened for Discussion.

Resolution:

Motion No.3 [Proposed by the Board]

Subject: Amendment to the “Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets” of the Company and is opened for discussion.

Description:

1. In accordance with Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (TWSE) Letter No. 1140013876 dated July 24, 2025, the Company has amended certain articles of its 'Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets.' For the comparison table of the amended articles, please refer to Attachment VII on pages 32-34 of this handbook.
2. Opened for Discussion.

Resolution:

Extemporaneous motions

Adjournment of the meeting

【Attachment I】

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation 2025 Business Report

I. 2025 Business Report

(I) Achievements

In 2025 the revenue was NT\$1,718,429 thousand and the net income after tax was NT\$205,698 thousand.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Year Item	2025	2024
Operating Revenue	1,718,429	1,607,273
Gross Profit	613,556	522,921
Operating Income	269,077	155,824
Income Before Tax	272,135	166,180
Income After Tax	205,698	138,677
Equity Per Share (EPS) (NT\$)	3.02	2.04

(II) Status of budget execution: No financial forecast is required for 2025 according to the applicable law.

(III) Financial income and expenditure and profitability analysis

Unit: NT\$ thousand; %

Item/Year		2025	2024	Ratio %	
Gain/Loss Analysis	Operating Revenue	1,718,429	1,607,273	6.92	
	Gross Profit	613,556	522,921	17.33	
	Income After Tax	205,698	138,677	48.33	
Profitability analysis	Return on Assets (%)	8.66	6.37	35.95	
	Return on Equity (%)	10.66	7.71	38.26	
	As a percentage of paid-in capital (%)	Income Before Tax	39.51	22.88	72.68
		Income After Tax	39.96	24.40	63.77
	Net Profit Rate (%)	11.97	8.63	38.70	
EPS After Tax	3.02	2.04	48.04		

(IV) Status of research and development

Research and development (R&D) expenses in 2025 totaled NT\$69,526 thousand, representing a decrease of NT\$14,920 thousand compared to NT\$84,446 thousand in 2024. This decrease was primarily due to the fact that R&D for new products, such as automated devices and equipment, has largely entered mass production and shipment, leading to the reallocation of manpower and corporate resources toward production. Additionally, the reduction in production upgrade and transformation projects also contributed to the decline in R&D expenses.

Our automatic devices and equipment are developed to help customers enhance the production efficiency of sewing equipment, reduce labor, and lower production costs.

II. Summary of 2026 Business Plan

(I) Policy

1. The company gradually accumulates R&D and innovative technical capabilities through product technology research and development; the company is gradually becoming an R&D and innovation-oriented company with smart equipment prioritized as the main product.
2. In terms of the production system, the company is gradually becoming a manufacturing factory that is smart, automation, and information-oriented.

3. The company's business operation focuses on sewing machine knives and special knives; it is also dedicated to developing abrasive automation equipment. Development of automatic sewing equipment, exploration of new materials and expansion of product field in investment casting from our product roadmap.
4. The corporate management system is with a people-oriented business model established and a talent cultivation mechanism planned.
5. Cost control as the current corporate strategy.

(II) Expected sales volume and its basis

The company has not disclosed financial forecasts, so there is no expected sales volume.

(III) Marketing policy

1. Through the company to implement lean production management mode, equipment automation, technology standardization, information, talent cultivation system, so as to achieve the cost control, the purpose of sustainable development of enterprises.
2. The Company has successfully automated the production of equipment, integrated manpower, equipment, and process, achieved the goal of compressing the production cycle, and stabilized the quality of production, to ensure timely deliveries.
3. Corporate information management: The Company's main product delivery is based on the market product order delivery, and the integration of big data such as MES, PLM, BI, QMS, etc., to achieve the Company's rapid product delivery capability.
4. The Company primarily manufactures sewing machine cutting tools while also developing cross-industry cutting tools and automated sewing production equipment. Development focuses on multi-machine labor-saving systems for single sequences and automated multi-sequence sewing machines, helping customers implement human-machine separation and machine substitution improvements.
5. Setup a supplier management system (price management, payables management, standardized management of material procurement), and establish a systematic management platform for market information management, production management, production planning management, material management, and logistics management.
6. Establish an international marketing model to help the company move forward from localization to international marketing.

III. Future development strategy

We market products in our own brand "STRONG H," one of the leading brands of parts for industrial sewing machines.

(I) The following is the main development strategy of the product side :

- 1 Automated devices: The company's recent flagship products feature time-saving, labor-saving, and process-reducing characteristics. These devices upgrade garment factory production lines with add-on attachments that increase manual efficiency and production capacity. Through standardized technical management and continuous performance improvements, the company is expanding its rigid demand product categories to surpass benchmarks and establish market leadership. Following the development philosophy of saving time and labor for customers, the company continues to develop equipment with automated attachments while promoting previously developed products in the market to generate volume sales and build market reputation. The Company will optimize and upgrade the performance structure of old products, and make them more user-friendly and useful, so that end users will recognize and trust the Company's products and brands, and continue to maintain its leading position in the market.
- 2 Automated equipmen: In 2025, the company continues to design and manufacture automated equipment that supports single-machine or multi-machine processes operated by one person. Product features include automatic material collection, time savings, and labor reduction, providing peripheral sewing equipment production lines to end-user garment factories to reduce workforce requirements and production costs.

Future development will focus on sewing production lines formed by combining single-sequence or multi-sequence automated sewing units, establishing strategic partnerships with garment factories to design specialized sewing equipment or automated production lines for specific products. The company will refine and strengthen previously developed products, emphasizing knitted hem and cuff ribbing processes, to establish an initial brand effect for knitted automation products.

The Company has been steadily accumulating technology and experience in the development and sale of automatic sewing machine products, and has demonstrated the advantages of product upgrades in the current development. Focusing on sweatshirt and crew neck seaming, the company is developing extended automated equipment to gradually form production lines of automated equipment for sweatshirts and crew neck shirts. Continue to expand the overseas market and invest in the overseas formation of automated brand influence and reputation..

3 Potential products (leather cutters, leather skiving knives, new materials of alloy, trading goods and products of investment casing) :

- (1) For potential products, the Company researched the market demand, established the promotion program, and set up the sales strategy. The new products of materials for investment casting (stainless steel and alloy materials) had positive impact on revenues.
- (2) The Company developed new materials, applied new technologies to make continuous improvement in product performance. The useful life of the knives was increased by the new techniques with expansion in alloy, tungsten steel, aluminum, and other new materials. °
- (3) Enhance the processing capacity of new business, extend the development, upgrade the processing equipment for new materials, improve the product tolerance and quality stability. Accumulated experience and business growth in the commercial vehicle engine parts business Development of aluminum parts for garden machinery blades °
- (4) The Company emphasizes securing and developing new products, focusing on embroidery machine sequin/bead device cutting tools, fabric cutting blades, and CAD cutting knives to develop new products and customers, increasing market share and sales revenue. The Company will continue to develop sewing machine products by taking advantage of the lack of distribution channels in the industry, and form a series of products to improve customer dependence and sales volume. °

(II) The Company's future development strategies

1. Strong H continues to promote information construction, build smart and digital smart manufacturing, and build high-efficiency, high-quality, and low-cost smart manufacturing systems.
2. Through the MES system, combined with automation and intelligent equipment renovation and lean project promotion, we have built a comprehensive, timely and transparent production model for system integration and data collection to ensure orderly and stable production.

Through the APS system and MES, ERP, PLM and other systems, from the planning to the machine and the team, the production can be effectively balanced according to the available resources. Through the end-to-end supply plan, we can meet the customer's delivery date and reduce the manufacturing cost and inventory.

Through the QMS system, a management model for the whole process of traceability of quality data and analysis and optimization is established; a quality traceability chain is constructed for comprehensive analysis to achieve total quality control.

IV. It is affected by external competition environment, legal environment and overall operating Environment

(I) Influence of external competitive environment

The Company has been deeply rooted in the sewing machine parts industry for over 30 years, continuously optimizing production technology and moving toward more automated and intelligent factory management. Through professional manufacturing services, we have established long-term partnerships with world-leading brands, earning customer recognition and trust. With the "STRONG H" self-owned brand and marketing worldwide, the company has a certain brand awareness. The Company optimized the distribution channel management, expanded secondary dealers and periodically held regional product launch to let our wide-ranging partners catch up with our products. The Company strengthened the communication with our partners, expanded end-market of our products and increased the market share of component products, device products and other components of sewing machines.

(II) Environmental impact of regulations

The company is registered in the Cayman Islands. By the end of 2025 the companies of the Group are registered and operated in Samoa, Mainland China and Taiwan. The business of each company of the Group is carried out in accordance with the important policies and laws and regulations of the country and region where it is located, and it pays attention to the important policy development trend and legal changes at any time. When necessary, it consults the relevant units such as lawyers and accountants, or commissions them to evaluate and plan corresponding measures, and takes appropriate countermeasures according to the changes in the market environment.

(III) The impact of the overall operating environment

In 2025, enterprises in China's machinery industry accelerated technological innovation, actively expanded domestic and international markets, and promoted product upgrades. Overall, the industry's economic performance remained stable with continuous improvement in efficiency and moderate growth in foreign trade. However, as U.S. tariff policies were progressively implemented, downstream demand slowed, and industry inventory levels gradually rose. Indicators such as production and revenue for both complete machine and component manufacturers showed a noticeable decelerating and downward trend. Faced with an adverse international environment and sluggish market demand, the downstream footwear and apparel industries withstood the pressure by accelerating digital and intelligent transformations. By actively adopting the 'Small Order, Quick Response' model, these companies increased procurement of automated and intelligent sewing equipment and solutions. Consequently, the domestic sewing machinery market has shifted toward a new pattern where sales of standalone machines (such as lockstitch, overlock, and interlock machines) are declining, while demand for automated and intelligent equipment continues to grow.

Looking ahead to 2026, global economic growth is expected to slow down but remain resilient. Future trends suggest that China-U.S. competition—spanning technology, trade, tariffs, and even geopolitical confrontations—will become a long-term strategic reality. As a typical pro-cyclical sector, the sewing machinery industry is projected to oscillate or hover near its bottom or historical midline, which is expected to be the 'new normal.' While the broader external economic and consumption environment for China's sewing machinery industry has not significantly improved, potential opportunities remain in factors such as downstream industrial relocation and digital upgrades

In October 2025, a consensus was reached in the China-U.S. tariff negotiations. Over the coming year, tariff levels for Chinese footwear and apparel exports to the U.S. market are expected to become largely on par with those of Southeast Asian nations. This stability is expected to restore the price competitiveness of Chinese products in the U.S., with direct export orders likely to bottom out and rebound. Additionally, the pressure of order substitution from Southeast Asia is expected to ease. Furthermore, as Chinese footwear and apparel

enterprises actively expand into ASEAN, European, and African markets, the foundation of foreign trade continues to broaden. It is anticipated that in 2026, key indicators—including production, exports, and profits—for the footwear, apparel, and home textile industries will stabilize and recover

Future With product leadership, technological innovation, quality brand competitiveness continues to enhance, smart manufacturing and digital level continues to improve, the Company is looking forward to becoming a world-class supplier of sewing components and integration solutions for sewing equipment.

Chairperson: Chi, Ping-Hsin CEO: Chi, Ping-Hsin CFO: Huang, Deak-Hueiei

[Attachment II]

**Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation
Report of the Audit Committee.**

The Board of Directors of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation (hereinafter referred to as “the Company”) compiled the 2025 Business Report, Financial Statements, and proposal for the distribution of earnings. The aforementioned financial statements have been audited by the independent auditors from Deloitte Taiwan with the issuance of Independent Auditors’ Report. The aforementioned Business Report, financial statements, and proposal for the distribution of earnings were fairly presented, in all material aspects, in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. For your approval.

To:

2026 Annual General Meeting of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation.

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Convener of Auditing Committee: WANG, CHIEN-CHIN

March 23, 2026

[Attachment III]

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”).

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter from the audit of the Group's consolidated financial statement is as below:

The Occurrence of Revenue Recognition

The Group's revenue mainly consists of the sales of industrial sewing machine spare parts. For some of the major clients, the Group recognizes sales revenue when the goods have been delivered to the client's designated location and accounting records have been verified that they have been completed in accordance with the agreement. As the above-mentioned sales revenue is significant for the year ended December 31, 2025, the occurrence of revenue recognition for the aforementioned type of sales revenue has been deemed as a key audit matter for the year ended December 31, 2025.

To address this matter, we evaluated the Group's revenue recognition policy, trading characteristics, and the relevant design and implementation of internal control for this type of revenue. We also performed relevant tests of controls and substantive tests. We selected samples of revenue for this type of sale and verified them against the client's transaction statements and the related documents to confirm that the transactions had occurred.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Wen-Yuan Chuang and Ching-Ting Yang.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

March 20, 2026

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 701,898	28	\$ 551,265	23
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4, 7 and 26)	21,884	1	9,964	-
Notes receivable (Notes 4 and 8)	16,296	1	101,069	4
Trade receivables (Notes 4, 5 and 8)	394,692	16	387,406	17
Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 9)	482,256	20	417,251	18
Other current assets (Notes 4 and 14)	<u>50,641</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>42,852</u>	<u>2</u>
Total current assets	<u>1,667,667</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>1,509,807</u>	<u>64</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 11)	520,172	21	554,940	24
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 12)	177,225	7	180,879	8
Intangible assets (Notes 4 and 13)	33,169	1	32,052	1
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4, 5 and 21)	54,189	2	49,784	2
Other non-current assets (Notes 4 and 14)	<u>17,226</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>22,412</u>	<u>1</u>
Total non-current assets	<u>801,981</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>840,067</u>	<u>36</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,469,648</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,349,874</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term borrowings (Notes 4 and 15)	\$ 69,146	3	\$ 98,355	4
Notes payable (Note 4)	2,254	-	2,366	-
Trade payables (Notes 4 and 25)	109,317	4	106,504	5
Other payables (Notes 4 and 16)	251,189	10	248,799	11
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 21)	18,537	1	4,934	-
Other current liabilities (Note 4)	<u>942</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>451,385</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>461,076</u>	<u>20</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 21)	<u>22,624</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>23,491</u>	<u>1</u>
Total liabilities	<u>474,009</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>484,567</u>	<u>21</u>
EQUITY (Notes 4 and 18)				
Share capital				
Ordinary shares	<u>680,972</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>680,972</u>	<u>29</u>
Capital surplus	<u>396,563</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>396,563</u>	<u>17</u>
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve	190,966	8	177,098	7
Special reserve	49,869	2	114,050	5
Unappropriated earnings	<u>720,788</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>546,493</u>	<u>23</u>
Total retained earnings	<u>961,623</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>837,641</u>	<u>35</u>
Other equity	<u>(43,519)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(49,869)</u>	<u>(2)</u>
Total equity	<u>1,995,639</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>1,865,307</u>	<u>79</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,469,648</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,349,874</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 19 and 30)	\$ 1,718,429	100	\$ 1,607,273	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 9, 20 and 25)	<u>(1,104,873)</u>	<u>(64)</u>	<u>(1,084,352)</u>	<u>(67)</u>
GROSS PROFIT	<u>613,556</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>522,921</u>	<u>33</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 8, 20 and 25)				
Marketing expenses	(62,727)	(4)	(81,989)	(5)
Administrative expenses	(209,718)	(12)	(206,628)	(13)
Research and development expenses	(69,526)	(4)	(84,446)	(5)
Expected credit (gain) loss	<u>(2,508)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,966</u>	<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>(344,479)</u>	<u>(20)</u>	<u>(367,097)</u>	<u>(23)</u>
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	<u>269,077</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>155,824</u>	<u>10</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 4 and 20)				
Interest income	13,904	1	10,690	1
Other income	18,626	1	13,772	1
Other gains and losses	(25,514)	(2)	(3,961)	-
Finance costs	<u>(3,958)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,145)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Total non-operating income and expenses	<u>3,058</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,356</u>	<u>1</u>
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	272,135	16	166,180	11
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4, 5 and 21)	<u>(66,437)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(27,503)</u>	<u>(2)</u>
NET INCOME	<u>205,698</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>138,677</u>	<u>9</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 4 and 18)				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	<u>6,350</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>64,181</u>	<u>4</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 212,048</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>\$ 202,858</u>	<u>13</u>

(Continued)

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2025		2024	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 22)				
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 3.02</u>		<u>\$ 2.04</u>	
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 3.02</u>		<u>\$ 2.04</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	Share Capital		Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings			Total	Other Equity Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Total Equity
	Shares (Thousands)	Amount		Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings			
BALANCE ON JANUARY 1, 2024	<u>68,097</u>	<u>\$ 680,972</u>	<u>\$ 423,802</u>	<u>\$ 169,888</u>	<u>\$ 82,486</u>	<u>\$ 487,448</u>	<u>\$ 739,822</u>	<u>\$ (114,050)</u>	<u>\$ 1,730,546</u>
Appropriation of 2023 earnings									
Legal reserve	-	-	-	7,210	-	(7,210)	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	31,564	(31,564)	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(40,858)	(40,858)	-	(40,858)
	-	-	-	7,210	31,564	(79,632)	(40,858)	-	(40,858)
Cash dividends distributed from capital surplus	-	-	(27,239)	-	-	-	-	-	(27,239)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	-	138,677	138,677	-	138,677
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2024, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,181	64,181
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	-	138,677	138,677	64,181	202,858
BALANCE ON DECEMBER 31, 2024	<u>68,097</u>	<u>680,972</u>	<u>396,563</u>	<u>177,098</u>	<u>114,050</u>	<u>546,493</u>	<u>837,641</u>	<u>(49,869)</u>	<u>1,865,307</u>
Appropriation of 2024 earnings									
Legal reserve	-	-	-	13,868	-	(13,868)	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	-	-	-	-	(64,181)	64,181	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(81,716)	(81,716)	-	(81,716)
	-	-	-	13,868	(64,181)	(31,403)	(81,716)	-	(81,716)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2025	-	-	-	-	-	205,698	205,698	-	205,698
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2025, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,350	6,350
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2025	-	-	-	-	-	205,698	205,698	6,350	212,048
BALANCE ON DECEMBER 31, 2025	<u>68,097</u>	<u>\$ 680,972</u>	<u>\$ 396,563</u>	<u>\$ 190,966</u>	<u>\$ 49,869</u>	<u>\$ 720,788</u>	<u>\$ 961,623</u>	<u>\$ (43,519)</u>	<u>\$ 1,995,639</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 272,135	\$ 166,180
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	71,525	68,119
Amortization expense	5,311	6,094
Expected credit loss recognized (reversed) on trade receivables	2,508	(5,966)
Finance costs	3,958	10,145
Interest income	(13,904)	(10,690)
Write-down of inventories	10,429	4,838
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	9,036	3,911
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	(6)	-
Unrealized loss on foreign currency exchange	1,090	-
Other items	14	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Notes receivable	82,375	(36,800)
Trade receivables	(8,057)	(63,204)
Inventories	(72,314)	35,572
Other current assets	(7,666)	4,418
Notes payable	(112)	(1,523)
Trade payables	2,177	30,660
Other payables	2,944	28,510
Other current liabilities	824	-
Cash generated from operations	<u>362,267</u>	<u>240,264</u>
Interest received	13,904	10,690
Interest paid	(3,958)	(10,145)
Income tax paid	<u>(58,563)</u>	<u>(39,534)</u>
Net cash generated from operating activities	<u>313,650</u>	<u>201,275</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	(11,920)	-
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at amortized cost	-	13,408
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(37,486)	(68,314)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	437	2,377
Payments for intangible assets	(6,366)	(14,934)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	105	-
Increase in prepayments for business facilities	-	(3,089)
Payments for right-of-use assets	-	(20,941)
Increase (decrease) in items of other investing activities	<u>89</u>	<u>(735)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(55,141)</u>	<u>(92,228)</u>

(Continued)

**STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayments of short-term borrowings	\$ (30,299)	\$ (85,875)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	(81,716)	(40,858)
Cash dividends distributed from capital surplus	<u>-</u>	<u>(27,239)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(112,015)</u>	<u>(153,972)</u>
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES		
	<u>4,139</u>	<u>19,474</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	150,633	(25,451)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	<u>551,265</u>	<u>576,716</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 701,898</u>	<u>\$ 551,265</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

[Attachment IV]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Income Distribution Chart for 2025

Unit: NT\$

Item	Amount
Opening undistributed earnings	515,088,963
Add: net income in 2025	205,698,999
Distributable earnings	720,787,962
Less: Provision of legal reserve (10%)	(20,569,900)
Add: Special surplus reserve that has been set aside to be transferred back	6,349,757
Allocable earnings in current period	706,567,819
Items for distribution:	
Cash dividend (NT\$1.5/share)	(102,145,860)
Undistributed earnings, ending	604,421,959

Note 1: Based on the number of shares outstanding in circulation as of February, 23 2026 68,097,240 shares.

Note 2: In case of change in the quantity of outstanding shares of the Company before the ex-dividend day for the payment of dividend of this period, to the extent that the ratio of dividend payment was affected that adjustment becomes necessary, the chairman shall be authorized with full discretion in handling related matters.

Chairman: CHI, PING-HSIN, Manager: CHI, PING-HSIN, Chief Accounting Officer: HUANG, DEAK-HUEI

【Attachment V】

**STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN)
INCORPORATION**

強信機械科技股份有限公司

**The Comparison Table of Amended and Restated Articles of Association
公司章程修正對照表**

Amended Article 修正條文	Original Article 現行條文	Explanation 修正說明
<p>Article 36 For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least thirty (30) days' notice of an annual general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held, the general nature of business to be conducted at the meeting, and the available means to exercise the Members' rights. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least fifteen (15) days' notice of an extraordinary general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting, and the available means to exercise the Members' rights. All notices convening general meetings of the Company shall be exclusive of the day on which it is dispatched or deemed to be transmitted and the day of the meeting. <u>The aforesaid notice may, as an alternative, be given by means of electronic transmission, after obtaining a prior consent from the recipient(s)</u></p>	<p>Article 36 For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least thirty (30) days' notice of an annual general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held, the general nature of business to be conducted at the meeting, and the available means to exercise the Members' rights. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least fifteen (15) days' notice of an extraordinary general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting, and the available means to exercise the Members' rights. All notices convening general meetings of the Company shall be exclusive of the day on which it is dispatched or deemed to be transmitted and the day of the meeting.</p> <p>第 36 條 當本公司之股份在中華民國任一證券交易市場掛牌交易時，股東會之召集，應至少於三十日前通知有權出席並表決之股東，並載</p>	<p>Pursuant to Article 172, Section 4 of R.O.C. Company Act, notices convening general meetings of the company may, as an alternative, be given by means of electronic transmission, after obtaining a prior consent from the recipient(s). In order to conform with R.O.C. Company Act, the relevant clause is newly added.</p> <p>依中華民國公司法第 172 條第 4 項規定，股東會之召集通知經相對人同意者，得以電子方式為之，故新增相關規定，以符合中華民國公司法之規定。</p>

<p><u>thereof.</u></p> <p>第 36 條 當本公司之股份在中華民國任一證券交易市場掛牌交易時，股東常會之召集，應至少於三十日前通知有權出席並表決之股東，並載明股東會召集之日期、地點、時間、召集事由及表決權行使之方法。股東臨時會之召集，應至少於十五日前通知有權出席並表決之股東，並說明股東會召集之日期、地點、時間、召集事由及表決權行使之方法。召集股東常會的通知時點以寄送或視為寄送時為準。通知計算時期不包含發送當日及股東會召開當日。<u>通知經相對人同意者，得以電子方式為之。</u></p>	<p>明股東會召集之日期、地點、時間、召集事由及表決權行使之方法。股東臨時會之召集，應至少於十五日前通知有權出席並表決之股東，並說明股東會召集之日期、地點、時間、召集事由及表決權行使之方法。召集股東常會的通知時點以寄送或視為寄送時為準。通知計算時期不包含發送當日及股東會召開當日。</p>	
<p>Article 39 So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall send materials as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules (including written ballots if the Members may exercise their votes by means of written ballots at general meetings, proxy form, and summary information and details about issues for recognition, discussion, election or dismissal of Directors) relating to the matters to be discussed in each meeting together with the notice convening the general meeting in accordance with Article 36 hereof and shall transmit the same via the Market Observation Post System. The Board shall prepare a meeting handbook for the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials in accordance with the</p>	<p>Article 39 So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall send materials as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules (including written ballots if the Members may exercise their votes by means of written ballots at general meetings, proxy form, and summary information and details about issues for recognition, discussion, election or dismissal of Directors) relating to the matters to be discussed in each meeting together with the notice convening the general meeting in accordance with Article 36 hereof and shall transmit the same via the Market Observation Post System. The Board shall prepare a meeting handbook for the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials in accordance with the Applicable</p>	<p>Due to the amendment of Article 6, Section 3 of R.O.C. Regulations Governing Content and Compliance Requirements for Shareholders' Meeting Agenda Handbooks of Public Companies, the requirement to make the public filing by thirty (30) days prior to the general meeting is amended to conform with the laws of R.O.C.</p> <p>因應中華民國公開發行公司股東會議事手冊應行記載及遵行事項辦法第 6 條第 3 項修正，修改應於股東常會開會三十日前完成電子檔案傳送，以符合中華民國法令之規定。</p>

<p>Applicable Public Company Rules, which will be sent to or made available to all Members and shall be transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules, at least <u>thirty (30)</u> days prior to the date of the annual general meeting, and at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date of an extraordinary general meeting.</p> <p>第 39 條 當本公司之股份在中華民國任一證券交易市場掛牌交易時，本公司應依本章程第 36 條之規定，一併發出公開發行公司適用法令要求與會議討論事宜有關之資料（如股東於股東會中得以書面投票之方式進行表決時，應包括書面選票、委託書用紙、有關承認案、討論案、選任或解任董事事項等各項議案之案由及說明資料）與股東會召集通知，並上傳至公開資訊觀測站。董事會應備妥當次股東會議事手冊及會議補充資料，寄送予股東或供股東隨時索閱，並應依公開發行公司適用法令，於股東常會召開至少三十日前，或於股東臨時會召開至少十五日前，將股東會議事手冊及前項會議補充資料，傳送至公開資訊觀測站。</p>	<p>Public Company Rules, which will be sent to or made available to all Members and shall be transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules, at least <u>twenty-one (21)</u> days prior to the date of the annual general meeting, and at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date of an extraordinary general meeting. In case the paid-in capital of the Company reaches NT\$2 billion or more as of the last day of the most recent fiscal year, or the aggregate shareholding percentage of non-Taiwanese investors and Mainland Chinese investors in the Company reaches 30% or more as recorded in the shareholders' register at the time of holding of the annual general meeting in the most recent fiscal year, the Company shall upload the aforesaid electronic file by thirty (30) days prior to the day on which the annual general meeting is to be held.</p> <p>第 39 條 當本公司之股份在中華民國任一證券交易市場掛牌交易時，本公司應依本章程第 36 條之規定，一併發出公開發行公司適用法令要求與會議討論事宜有關之資料（如股東於股東會中得以書面投票之方式進行表決時，應包括書面選票、委託書用紙、有關承認案、討論案、選任或解任董事事項等各項議案之案由及說明資料）與股東會召集通知，並上傳至公開資訊觀測站。董事會應備妥當次股東會議事手冊及會議補充資料，寄送予股東或供股東隨</p>	
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	<p>時索閱，並應依公開發行公司適用法令，於股東常會召開至少二十一日前，或於股東臨時會召開至少十五日前，將股東會議事手冊及前項會議補充資料，傳送至公開資訊觀測站。但本公司如於最近會計年度終了日實收資本額達新臺幣二十億元以上，或最近會計年度召開股東常會其股東名簿記載之中華民國以外來源資金及中國大陸來源資金持股比率合計達百分之三十以上者，董事會應於股東常會開會三十日前完成前開電子檔案之傳送。</p>	
<p>Article 64 <u>Unless otherwise provided by the Applicable Public Company Rules,</u> there shall be a Board consisting of seven (7) to nine (9) Directors, each of whom shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years. Directors may be eligible for re-election.</p> <p>第 64 條 本公司董事會，設置董事人數七至九人。每一董事任期三年。<u>除公開發行公司適用法令另有規定者外，</u>董事得連選連任。</p>	<p>Article 64 There shall be a Board consisting of seven (7) to nine (9) Directors, each of whom shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years. Directors may be eligible for re-election.</p> <p>第 64 條 本公司董事會，設置董事人數七至九人。每一董事任期三年。董事得連選連任。</p>	<p>Pursuant to Article 4, Section 3 of Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Operation Directions for Compliance with the Establishment of Board of Directors by TWSE Listed Companies and the Board's Exercise of Powers, starting from 2027, the consecutive terms of all independent directors of a listed company may not exceed three terms. In order to conform with the rules, the relevant provision is amended.</p> <p>依臺灣證券交易所股份有限公司上市公司董事會設置及行使職權應遵循事項要點第 4 條第 3 項規定，上市公司自 2027 年起，獨立董事全體連續任期均不得超過三屆，故修正相關規定，以符合中華民國公司法之規定。</p>

【Attachment VI】

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Cross reference of the amendment to the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings"

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments
<p>V. the Content 5.4</p>	<p>The Company shall prepare electronic files of the shareholders' meeting notice, proxy forms, explanatory materials relating to proposals for ratification, matters for discussion, election or dismissal of directors, the shareholders' meeting agenda handbook, and supplemental meeting materials, and transmit them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) at least 30 days prior to an annual general meeting or 15 days prior to an extraordinary general meeting. At least 15 days prior to the shareholders' meeting, the Company shall have the agenda handbook and supplemental meeting materials ready for shareholders' review at any time, and such documents shall be displayed at the Company and its professional stock affairs agent. (Omitted below)</p>	<p>The Company shall prepare an electronic version of the notice for the meeting of shareholders and the proxy form, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) 30 days before the date of the annual general meeting of shareholders (AGM) or 15 days before the date of a provisional meeting of shareholders. The Company shall prepare an electronic version of the handbook and supplemental meeting materials for the shareholders meeting and upload them to MOPS 21 days before the date of the AGM or 15 days before the date of a provisional meeting of the shareholders .However, if the Company has the paid-in capital of NT\$10 billion or more as of the last day of the most current fiscal year, or total shareholding of foreign shareholders and PRC shareholders reaches 30% or more, as recorded in the register of shareholders of the Shareholders' Meeting held in the immediate preceding year, transmission of these electronic files shall be made by 30 days before the regular Shareholders' Meeting. In addition, 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, the</p>	<p>1. In accordance with the amendment to Article 6 of the 'Regulations Governing Content and Compliance Requirements for Shareholders' Meeting Handbooks of Public Companies' published by the Financial Supervisory Commission on December 19, 2025, which mandates that all TWSE/TPEX listed companies shall transmit the electronic files of the shareholders' meeting handbook and supplemental meeting materials to the information reporting website designated by the Financial Supervisory Commission 30 days before the regular shareholders' meeting, the relevant content of these Articles is hereby amended accordingly."</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments
		<p>Company shall prepare the handbook for the meeting and supplemental meeting materials and make them available for review by shareholders at all times. The meeting handbook and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at the Company and the professional shareholder services agent designated thereby as well for distribution on-site at the meeting place.</p> <p>(Omitted below)</p>	
<p>V. the Content 5.47</p>	<p>Where the agenda of a shareholders' meeting includes a proposal for the election of directors and the number of candidates exceeds the number of seats to be elected, a proposal for the dismissal of directors, or any proposal specified in Article 185 or Article 316 of the Company Act of the ROC, Article 18, 27, 29, or 35 of the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, or Item 1, Paragraph 2 of Article 24 or Item 1, Paragraph 2 of Article 26 of the Financial Holding Company Act, it is advisable for the chairperson to designate a lawyer, a certified public accountant, or a notary public to serve as a vote-counting monitor.</p> <p>The person designated by the chairman pursuant to the preceding paragraph shall not be one who is responsible for matters related to the voting process, nor shall such person be a director, manager, or employee of the company or its affiliates.</p> <p>Scrutineers shall oversee the polling and counting processes and</p>	<p>(Deleted)</p>	<p>1. The original Article 5.47 was blank; this is a newly added article.</p> <p>2. Where a shareholders' meeting involves an agenda item for the election of directors where the number of candidates exceeds the number of seats to be elected, an agenda item for the dismissal of directors, or any agenda item as specified under Article 185 or 316 of the Company Act, Article 18, 27, 29, or 35 of the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Article 24, Paragraph 2, Subparagraph 1 or Article 26, Paragraph 2, Subparagraph 1 of the Financial Holding Company Act, it is advisable for the chairman to designate a lawyer, certified public accountant (CPA), or notary public to serve as a scrutineer</p> <p>3. With reference to the Listing Requirements of Malaysia, Paragraph 2 is newly added to stipulate that the</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments
	<p>shall sign the election result summary sheet.</p> <p>If a scrutineer is designated pursuant to Paragraph 1, the minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall specify the name and job title of such scrutineer.</p>		<p>scrutineer designated by the chairman pursuant to Paragraph 1 must possess both professional expertise and independence to avoid disputes. Regarding the determination of independence, the scrutineer shall not participate in matters related to the voting process of the shareholders' meeting, nor shall such person be a director, manager, or employee of the company or its affiliates.</p> <p>4. Paragraph 3 is newly added to clarify the responsibilities of both general and independent scrutineers, which include overseeing the voting and counting processes at the meeting venue and signing the election result summary sheet to ensure accountability.</p> <p>5. With reference to the Listing Rules of Singapore and Hong Kong, the minutes of the shareholders' meeting shall specify the names of the scrutineers to enhance transparency.</p> <p>Accordingly, Paragraph 4 is newly added to require that the names and titles of the independent scrutineers appointed under Paragraph 1 be recorded in the meeting minutes.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments
VII. History and development	<p>The Rules of Procedure were instituted on: February 24 2015.</p> <p>First revision made on June 9, 2020.</p> <p>Second amendment made on July 29, 2021.</p> <p>Third amendment made on June 15, 2023.</p> <p><u>Fourth amendment made on June [X X], 2026.</u></p>	<p>The Rules of Procedure were instituted on: February 24 2015.</p> <p>First revision made on June 9, 2020.</p> <p>Second amendment made on July 29, 2021.</p> <p>Third amendment made on June 15, 2023.</p>	Add a revision date.

【Attachment VII】

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Cross reference of the amendment to the Company's "Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets"

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments
<p>V. The Content 5.11.1</p>	<p>If any of the following applies to the acquisition or disposal of assets by the Company, declare with related information by type of asset in the required format at the designated website within 2 days after the day of occurrence: (Omitted) (4) The acquisition or disposal of business equipment and the right-of-use assets with non-related parties and the amount is equivalent to any of the following levels: (4.1) The transaction amount is more than NT\$500 million for public companies with paid-in capital of less than NT\$10,000 million. (4.2) The transaction amount is more than NT\$1,000 million for public companies with paid-in capital of more than NT\$10,000 million <u>but less than NT\$50 billion.</u> <u>(4.3) For a public company with paid-in capital of NT\$50 billion or more, the transaction amount reaches 5 percent or more of the company's paid-in capital.</u> (5) Acquisition of property through commissioning of construction on proprietary lands or leased lands, joint venture in construction with split up of the finished premises, joint venture in</p>	<p>If any of the following applies to the acquisition or disposal of assets by the Company, declare with related information by type of asset in the required format at the designated website within 2 days after the day of occurrence: (Omitted) (4) The acquisition or disposal of business equipment and the right-of-use assets with non-related parties and the amount is equivalent to any of the following levels: (4.1) The transaction amount is more than NT\$500 million for public companies with paid-in capital of less than NT\$10,000 million. (4.2) The transaction amount is more than NT\$1,000 million for public companies with paid-in capital of more than NT\$10,000 million. (5) Acquisition of property through commissioning of construction on proprietary lands or leased lands, joint venture in construction with split up of the finished premises, joint venture in</p>	<p>1. Amended in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Issuance-114038 3333 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission on July 24, 2025 (Year 114). Considering that the acquisition or disposal of equipment for operational use by public companies constitutes normal business activities, and in view of the principle of materiality in information disclosure, the public announcement and filing standards have been relaxed for companies with paid-in capital of NT\$50 billion or more when acquiring or disposing of equipment for operational use from or to non-related parties. Accordingly, Sub-item (4.3) is added, and the content of Sub-item (4.2) of this Article is concurrently amended. 2. The public announcement and filing standards have been relaxed for companies with paid-in capital of NT\$50 billion or more regarding the acquisition or disposal of government bonds, ordinary corporate bonds, and general financial bonds not involving equity with non-related parties. Accordingly, the content of Sub-item (6) is added to this Article. 3. The existing Sub-item (6) is renumbered as Sub-item (7), with minor textual adjustments.</p>

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments
	<p>construction with split up of proceeds from sale, Joint venture in construction with separate marketing of the finished premises and the counterparty of trade is not a related party that the Company is expected to invest more than NT\$500 million.</p> <p><u>(6) For a public company with paid-in capital of NT\$50 billion or more, if it trades government bonds, ordinary corporate bonds, or general financial bonds not involving equity (excluding subordinated bonds) on a stock exchange or at a securities firm's business premises, and such transaction does not fall under any of the circumstances listed in the sub-items of the proviso of Item (7), the counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount reaches 5 percent or more of the company's paid-in capital.</u></p> <p>(7) The amount of transaction is equivalent to 20% of the paid-in capital or more than NT\$300 million except the trading of assets specified from (1) to (6) , debts disposed by financial institutions, or investment in Mainland China. Except the following: (Omitted below)</p>	<p>construction with split up of proceeds from sale, Joint venture in construction with separate marketing of the finished premises and the counterparty of trade is not a related party that the Company is expected to invest more than NT\$500 million.</p> <p>(6) The amount of transaction is equivalent to 20% of the paid-in capital or more than NT\$300 million except the trading of assets specified from (1) to (5) , debts disposed by financial institutions, or investment in Mainland China. Except the following: (Omitted below)</p>	
V. The Content 5.11.9	If the stock issued by the Company bears no face value or the face value is not NT\$10/share, the requirement of 20% of the paid-in capital in the amount of transaction shall be based on 10% of the shareholders equity attributable to the parent company. <u>Regarding the</u>	If the stock issued by the Company bears no face value or the face value is not NT\$10/share, the requirement of 20% of the paid-in capital in the amount of transaction shall be based on 10% of the shareholders equity attributable to the parent company. Likewise, the requirement	To align with the new public announcement and filing standards for public companies with paid-in capital of NT\$50 billion or more under Sub-item 5.11.1, it is hereby specified that for companies whose shares have no face value or a face value other than NT\$10 per share, the requirements for 5% of the paid-in capital and paid-in capital of NT\$50 billion shall be calculated

Provisions currently in effect	Provision after the amendment	Content of original provisions	Recommended amendments
	<p><u>requirement for a transaction amount equal to 5% of the paid-in capital, such amount shall be calculated as 2.5% of the equity attributable to owners of the parent.</u> Likewise, the requirement of paid-in capital amounting to NT\$10,000 million shall be calculated on the basis of NT\$20,000 million of the shareholder equity attributable to the parent company. <u>Regarding the requirement for paid-in capital of NT\$50 billion, such amount shall be calculated as NT\$100 billion of the equity attributable to owners of the parent.</u></p>	<p>of paid-in capital amounting to NT\$10,000 million shall be calculated on the basis of NT\$20,000 million of the shareholder equity attributable to the parent company.</p>	<p>based on 2.5% of the equity attributable to owners of the parent and NT\$100 billion of the equity attributable to owners of the parent, respectively.</p>
<p>VII. History and development</p>	<p>This Procedure was instituted on: February 14 2015. Amended for the 1st instance on June 12 2018. Amended for the 2nd instance on June 6 2019. Amended for the 3rd instance on April 21 2022. <u>Fourth amendment made on June [X X], 2026.</u></p>	<p>This Procedure was instituted on: February 14 2015. Amended for the 1st instance on June 12 2018. Amended for the 2nd instance on June 6 2019. Amended for the 3rd instance on April 21 2022.</p>	<p>Add a revision date.</p>

[Appendix I]

THE COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)
AN EXEMPTED COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY(CAYMAN) INCORPORATION
強信機械科技股份有限公司

Amended by Special Resolution passed on the 19 day of June, 2025

THE COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)
AN EXEMPTED COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
AMENDED AND RESTATED MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION

強信機械科技股份有限公司

(Amended by Special Resolution passed on
the 15 day of June, 2025)

1. The name of the Company is **STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION** 強信機械科技股份有限公司.
2. The Company is a company limited by shares.
3. The registered office of the Company is at Harneys Fiduciary (Cayman) Limited, 4th Floor, Harbour Place, 103 South Church Street, P.O. Box 10240, Grand Cayman KY1-1002, Cayman Islands or at such other place as the Directors may from time to time decide.
4. The objects for which the Company is established are unrestricted and the Company shall have full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by any law as provided by Section 7(4) of the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands (the "Statute").
5. The Company shall have and be capable of exercising all the functions of a natural person of full capacity irrespective of any question of corporate benefit as provided by Section 27(2) of the Statute.
6. Nothing in the preceding sections shall be deemed to permit the Company to carry on the business of a Bank or Trust Company without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Banks and Trust Companies Act (As Revised), or to carry on Insurance Business from within the Cayman Islands or the business of an Insurance Manager, Agent, Sub-agent or Broker without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Insurance Act (As Revised), or to carry on the business of Company Management without being licensed in that behalf under the provisions of the Companies Management Act (As Revised).
7. The Company, as an exempted company, will not trade in the Cayman Islands with any person, firm or corporation except in furtherance of the business of the Company carried on outside the Cayman Islands; provided that nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent the Company effecting and concluding contracts in the Cayman Islands, and exercising in the Cayman Islands all of its powers necessary for the carrying on of its business outside the Cayman Islands.
8. The liability of the members of the Company is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares respectively held by them.
9. The authorised capital of the Company is NT\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000 shares of a par value of NT\$10.00 each provided always that subject to the Statute and the Articles of Association the Company shall have power to redeem or repurchase any of its shares and to sub-divide or consolidate the said shares or any of them and to issue all or any part of its capital whether original, redeemed, increased or reduced with or without any preference, priority, special privilege or other rights or subject to any postponement of rights or to any conditions or restrictions whatsoever and so that unless the conditions of issue shall otherwise expressly

provide every issue of shares whether stated to be ordinary, preference or otherwise shall be subject to the powers on the part of the Company hereinbefore provided.

10. Capitalised terms that are not defined in this Memorandum of Association bear the same meaning as those given in the Articles of Association of the Company

THE COMPANIES ACT (AS REVISED)
AN EXEMPTED COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION

強信機械科技股份有限公司

**(Amended by Special Resolution passed on
the 19 day of June, 2025)**

1. In these Articles, the regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Statute shall not apply and, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

“Applicable Public Company Rules”	means the ROC laws, rules and regulations governing public reporting companies or companies listed on any ROC stock exchange or securities market that from time to time are required by the relevant regulator as being applicable to the Company, including, without limitation, the Company Act of the ROC, the Securities and Exchange Act of the ROC, the rules and regulations promulgated by the FSC and the rules and regulations promulgated by any of the ROC Securities Exchanges, as amended from time to time;
“approved stock exchange”	has the meaning as defined in the Statute and including the Taipei Exchange (the GreTai Securities Market) of Taiwan and the Taiwan Stock Exchange;
“Acquisition”	means the Company acquires shares, business or assets of another company on exchange for shares, cash or other assets.
“Articles”	means these Articles of Association in their present form or as supplemented, altered or substituted from time to time by Special Resolution;
“Audit Committee”	means the audit committee of the Board established pursuant to these Articles;
“Board”	means the board of Directors appointed or elected pursuant to these Articles or, as the case may be, the Directors present at a meeting of Directors at which there is a quorum;

“Class” or “Classes”	means any class or classes of Shares as may from time to time be issued by the Company;
“Communication Facilities”	means video, video-conferencing, internet or online conferencing applications, telephone or teleconferencing and/or any other video-communication, internet or online conferencing application or telecommunications facilities by means of which all persons participating in a meeting are capable of seeing and hearing and be seen and be heard by each other simultaneously and instantaneously.
“Company”	means STRONG H MACHINERY TECHNOLOGY (CAYMAN) INCORPORATION 強信機械科技股份有限公司.;
“Consolidated Company”	means the new company that results from the consolidation of two or more Constituent Companies;
“Consolidation”	means the combination of two or more Constituent Companies into a Consolidated Company and the vesting of the undertaking, property and liabilities of such companies in the Consolidated Company within the meaning of the Statute;
“Constituent Company”	means a company that is participating in a Merger or a Consolidation with one or more other companies within the meaning of the Statute;
“delegation of the operation”	means delegation of the operation of the business (委託經營) as defined in the Company Act of ROC, as amended from time to time;
“Directors”	means the directors for the time being of the Company;
“dividend”	means dividends, capital distributions and capitalisation issues;
"electronic"	shall have the meaning given to it in the Electronic Transactions Act and any amendment thereto or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force and includes every other law incorporated therewith or substituted therefore;
"Electronic Transactions Act"	means the Electronic Transactions Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands;
“frequent joint operation”	means frequent joint operation (經常共同經營) as defined in the Company Act of ROC, as amended from time to time;
“FSC”	means the Financial Supervisory Commission of the ROC;

“Independent Directors”	means the Directors who are elected as “Independent Directors” pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules;
“listed Shares”	means Shares which are traded or listed on an approved stock exchange;
“Market Observation Post System”	means the public company reporting system maintained by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, online via http:// mops.twse.com.tw/ ;
“Member”	means a person who is registered as the holder of Shares in the Register of Members;
“Memorandum”	means the memorandum of association of the Company as amended or substituted from time to time;
“Merger”	means the merging of two or more Constituent Companies and the vesting of their undertaking, property and liabilities in one of such companies as the Surviving Company within the meaning of the Statute;
“month”	means a calendar month;
“notice”	means written notice as further provided in these Articles unless otherwise specifically stated;
“Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company”	means a company whose shares are not listed any of the ROC Securities Exchanges;
“Officer”	means any person appointed by the Board to hold an office in the Company;
“Ordinary Resolution”	subject to these Articles, means a resolution: <p>(a) pass by not less than a simple majority of votes casted at a general meeting attended by Members, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of the Company and where a poll is taken, by not less than a simple majority of the number of votes cast by such Members; or</p> <p>(b) so long as the Shares are not listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, approved in writing by all of the Members entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Members and the effective date of the resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument, or the last of such instruments, if more than one, is executed;</p>
“Register of Members”	means the principal register and any branch register of Members of the Company to be maintained at such place within or outside the Cayman Islands as the Board shall determine from time to time;

“Registered Office”	means the registered office of the Company as required by the Statute;
“Remuneration Committee”	means the remuneration committee of the Board, established pursuant to these Articles;
“ROC” or “Taiwan”	means Taiwan, the Republic of China;
“ROC Securities Exchanges”	means the Taipei Exchange (the GreTai Securities Market) (including the Emerging Stock Market) and the Taiwan Stock Exchange of the ROC;
“Seal”	means the common seal of the Company and includes each and every duplicate seals;
“Secretary”	includes an assistant secretary and any person, firm, or corporation appointed by the Board to perform the secretarial duties of the Company;
“Share”	means a share in the capital of the Company. All references to “Shares” herein shall be deemed to be Shares of any or all Classes as the context may require and, for the avoidance of doubt, in these Articles the expression “Share” shall include a fraction of a Share;
“Share Swap”	means, an act wherein the shareholders of a company transfer all of the company's issued shares to another company, such company issues its shares or pay cash or transfers other property to the shareholders of the first company as consideration for the transfer in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
“Solicitor”	means any Member, a trustee business or a securities agent mandated by Member(s), who solicits an instrument of proxy from any other Member to appoint him/her/it as a proxy to attend and vote at a general meeting, pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules;
“Special Resolution”	subject to these Articles, means a resolution : (a) passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast at a general meeting attended by Members, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of the Company of which notice specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a Special Resolution has been duly given; or (b) so long as the Shares are not listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, approved in writing by all of the Members entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company in one or more instruments each signed by one or more of the Members aforesaid, and the effective date of the special resolution so adopted shall be the date on which the instrument

	or the last of such instruments, if more than one, is executed;
“Spin-off”	refers to an act wherein a transferor company transfers all of its independently operated business or any single independently operated business to an existing or a newly incorporated company as consideration for that existing transferee company or newly incorporated transferee company to issue new shares to the transferor company or to members of the transferor company;
“Statute”	means the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands and every statutory modification, re-enactment or revision thereof for the time being in force;
“Subsidiary”	means, with respect to any company, (1) the entity, one half or more of whose total number of the issued voting shares or the total amount of the capital stock are directly or indirectly held by such company; (2) the entity that such company has a direct or indirect control over its personnel, financial or business operation; (3) the entity, one half or more of whose directors are concurrently acting as the directors of such company; or (4) the entity, one half or more of whose total number of issued voting shares or the total amount of the capital stock are held by the same member(s) of such company;
“Supermajority Resolution”	subject to these Articles, means a resolution passed by a majority of votes at a general meeting attended by Members, as being entitled to do so, voting in person or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, representing two-thirds or more of the total issued shares of the Company. However, where the total number of shares represented by the Members present at such general meeting is less than two-thirds of the total issued shares of the Company, but is more than one half of the total issued shares of the Company, “Supermajority Resolution” shall instead mean a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by the Members attending that meeting, being entitled to do so, voting in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy, at such general meeting;
“Surviving Company”	means the sole remaining Constituent Company into which one or more other Constituent Companies are merged within the meaning of the Statute;
“Taiwan Clearing House”	means the Taiwan Clearing House established by the Taiwan Payments Clearing System Development Foundation to process check clearing and settlement services;

“Treasury Shares”	means a Share held in the name of the Company as a treasury share in accordance with the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules;
“Transfer Prohibition Period”	so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the transfer prohibition period refers to the date from 60 days prior to and including the convening date of a regular general meeting, or 30 days prior to and including the convening date of an extraordinary general meeting until and including the date of the regular general meeting or extraordinary general meeting (as applicable).
“Virtual Meeting”	means any general meeting of the Members at which the Members (and any other permitted participants of such meeting, including, without limitation, the chairman of such meeting and any Directors) are permitted to attend and participate solely by means of Communication Facilities.
“written” and “in writing”	include all modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural number and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender include the feminine gender, and vice versa.

Sections 8 and 19(3) of the Electronic Transactions Act shall not apply.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Articles or the Statute.

Words importing persons only include natural persons, companies or associations or bodies of persons whether incorporated or not.

References to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

References to a document being executed include references to it being executed under hand or under seal or by any other method.

2. The business of the Company may be commenced as soon after incorporation as the Board shall deem fit. The Company shall comply with the laws and regulations as well as business ethics and may take actions which will promote public interests in order to fulfill the social responsibilities.
3. Subject to all applicable laws, the Board may pay, out of monies of the Company, all expenses incurred in connection with the formation and establishment of the Company including the expenses of registering the Company as an exempted company in the Cayman Islands.

CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES

4. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, Shares of the Company shall be issued in scripless form unless the issuance of share certificates is required by the provisions of the Applicable Public Company Rules. In case where certificates for Shares were issued, certificates representing Shares of the Company shall be in such form as shall be determined by the Board. Such certificates may be under Seal. All certificates for Shares shall

be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified and shall specify the Shares to which they relate. The name and address of the person to whom the Shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of Shares and date of issue, shall be entered in the Register of Members. All certificates surrendered to the Company for transfer shall be cancelled and no new certificate shall be issued until the existing issued certificate(s) representing the Shares to be transferred shall have been surrendered and cancelled. The Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in a particular case, that any or all signatures on certificates may be printed thereon or affixed by mechanical means.

5. Notwithstanding Article 4 of these Articles, if a certificate for Shares is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of a reasonable fee and on such terms (if any) as to evidence, indemnity and to payment of any expenses of the Company in investigating such evidence and preparing such indemnity as the Board shall deem fit.

ISSUE OF SHARES

6. (a) Subject to the provisions, if any, in connection with the Memorandum and to any resolution of Members of the Company in general meeting and without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of existing Shares, the Board may allot, issue, grant options over or otherwise dispose of Shares of the Company (including fractions of a Share) to such persons, at such times and on such other terms as the Board deems proper, provided that no Share shall be issued at a discount except in accordance with the Statute and any Applicable Public Company Rules, and PROVIDED ALWAYS that, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in these Articles, the Company shall be precluded from issuing bearer Shares. The par value Shares shall not be converted to no par value Shares.

(b) Subject to the Statute, the Company may issue new Shares with restrictive rights ("Restricted Shares") to the employees of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries as approved by way of a Supermajority Resolution, PROVIDED that Article 8(a) shall not apply in respect of such issuance and so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the terms and conditions of such Restrictive Shares, including but not limited to the number of the shares to be issued, the issuance price, and any other related matters shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

7. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, where the Company increases its issued share capital by issuing new Shares for cash consideration in Taiwan, the Company shall allocate ten percent (10%) of the total number of such new Shares to be issued, for offering to the public in Taiwan unless it is not necessary or appropriate, as determined by the FSC or other Taiwan authorities, for the Company to conduct the aforementioned public offering. However, if the Members by Ordinary Resolution at a general meeting resolves to offer a percentage higher than the aforementioned ten percent (10%) to the public in Taiwan, the percentage resolved as such shall prevail. The Company may determine that certain percentage of the total number of such new Shares be offered to the employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries for subscription with terms and conditions including but not limited to the respective percentage and restriction on transfer of such Shares as determined by the Board at its discretion in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
8. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise resolved by Ordinary Resolution at a general meeting, where the Company proposes to issue new Shares for cash consideration, the Company shall make a public announcement and send notices to Members in order to notify each Member that he/she/it is entitled to exercise a pre-emptive right to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of the remaining new Shares (after allocation of the public offering portion and the employee subscription portion as set out in Article 7 above) to be issued for cash consideration. The Company shall state in such announcement and notices to the Members that if any Member fails to purchase his/her/its pro rata portion of such remaining new Shares within the prescribed period, such Member shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its pre-emptive right to purchase such new Shares. In the event that Shares held by a Member are insufficient for such Member

to exercise the pre-emptive right to purchase one new Share, the entitlement of pre-emptive right of several Members may be combined together for joint purchase of new Shares or for purchase of new Shares in the name of a single Member pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. If the total number of the remaining new Shares to be issued has not been fully subscribed by the Members within the prescribed period, the Company may offer the balance of such unsubscribed Shares to the public or to a specific person or persons in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

- (b) The pre-emptive right of the Members under Article 8(a) shall not apply if new Shares are issued in any of the following circumstances:
- (i) in connection with a Merger or Consolidation with another company, or pursuant to any Spin-off or reorganization of the Company;
 - (ii) in connection with fulfilling the Company's obligations under warrants and/or options issued by the Company, including those issued in accordance with the employee incentive programs under Article 11(a);
 - (iii) in connection with fulfilling the Company's obligations under convertible bonds or corporate bonds issued by the Company which are convertible into Shares or which entitle its holders to acquire Shares;
 - (iv) in connection with Shares issued pursuant to a statutory private placement in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules; and
 - (v) in connection with new fully-paid up Shares issued to the Members as satisfaction of declared dividend pursuant to Article 104, and/or as effecting any capitalisation of any other amount pursuant to Article 106.

9. (a) The Company shall only issue fully paid-up Shares.

(b) In the event that new Shares are issued by the Company and the persons who subscribe the new Shares delay the payment of such Shares, the Company shall fix a period of not less than one month and call upon such persons to pay up, declaring that in case of default of payment within the stipulated period their right of subscription shall be forfeited.

(c) After the Company has made the aforesaid declaration, the persons who fail to pay accordingly shall forfeit their rights of subscription and the Shares subscribed to by them shall be otherwise issued to others. If there is any loss or damage, compensation may still be claimed against such defaulting persons.

10. (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of these Articles, the Company may by Special Resolution designate one or more classes of shares with preferred or other special rights as the Company, by Special Resolution, may determine (shares with such preferred or other special rights, the "Preferred Shares"), and cause the rights and obligations of Preferred Shares to be set forth in these Articles.

(b) The rights and obligations of Preferred Shares may include but not limited to the following terms and shall be consistent with the Applicable Public Company Rules:

(i) the order of priority and fixed amount or fixed ratio of allocation of Dividends and bonus on Preferred Shares;

(ii) the order of priority and fixed amount or ratio of allocation of residual assets of the Company;

(iii) the order of priority for or restriction on the voting right(s) of the Members holding the Preferred Shares, or the grant of no voting right thereof;

(iv) the method by which the Company is authorized or compelled to redeem the Preferred Shares, or a statement that redemption rights shall not apply; and

(v) other matters concerning rights and obligations incidental to Preferred Shares.

11. (a) Notwithstanding Article 6(b) and any on-market repurchase stipulated under Article 16 and 17, the Company may, by way of a Board resolution passed by a simple majority at a duly convened meeting attended by at least two-thirds of the total number of the Directors then in office, adopt one or more employee incentive programs pursuant to which the Company may issue Shares, options, warrants or other similar instruments, to employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries, PROVIDED THAT, if the price of such Shares, options, warrants or other similar instruments fall below the closing price of such Company Shares on the issuing date, then a Special Resolution passed by not less than two-thirds of votes cast at a general meeting attended by a majority of Members, being entitled to do so, either by proxy or in person is required. The Company may enter into agreements with employees of the Company and the employees of its Subsidiaries pursuant to the incentive program approved according to this Article, whereby employees may subscribe, within a specific period of time, a specific number of Shares. The terms and conditions of such agreements shall be no less restrictive on the relevant employee than the terms specified in the applicable incentive program. However, options, warrants or other similar instruments issued pursuant to this Article are not transferable save by inheritance upon the death of the holder thereof, and so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the terms and conditions of such Shares, options, warrants or other similar instruments shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (b) Subject to Cayman Islands law, these Articles and to the approval by the Board and as resolved through Ordinary or Supermajority Resolution as the case may be, the Company may pay to the employees of the Company and the Subsidiaries of the Company an annual compensation from the Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year (as defined in Article 102 below), which may be payable in cash, fully paid-up Shares, or any combination of both, and the Board may determine the implementation methods relating to such annual compensation to employees. The annual compensation, if any, shall be effected out of the Annual Profit (as defined in Article 102 below).
- (c) When the Company issues options or warrants to its employees pursuant to the employee incentive programs aforementioned in this Article 11(a), the number of underlying Shares for each issuance of such options or warrants may not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares of the Company (immediately before the issuance of such options and warrants), and the aggregated number of the Shares underlying all such outstanding options and warrants may not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of total issued Shares of the Company (immediately before the issuance of such options and warrants). The number of options and/or warrants granted by the Company mentioned herein shall comply with any Applicable Public Company Rules.
12. The Company shall maintain a Register of Members, and any such register maintained in respect of listed Shares may be kept by recording the particulars as required by the Statute in a form otherwise than legible if such recording otherwise complies with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the relevant approved stock exchange. Subject to the provisions of the Statute and Articles 15 and 41 below, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a principal or branch Register of Members at such location as the Board deems fit. The Company shall cause to be kept at the place where the principal register is kept a duplicate of any branch register duly entered up from time to time. In addition, so long as the Shares are listed on an ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall, upon any issuance of new Shares, cause such shares to be credited to the accounts of the subscribing Members maintained with the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules within thirty (30) days from the date of issuance of such Shares, and shall make a prior public announcement pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

13. (a) The instrument of transfer of any Share shall be in any usual or common form or such other form as the Board may, in their absolute discretion, approve and be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and if so required by the Board, shall also be executed by or on behalf of the transferee and shall be accompanied by the certificates (if any) for the Shares to which the transfer relates and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer. The transferor shall be deemed to remain a Member until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect of the relevant Shares.

(b) Subject to the Statute and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Articles, title to listed Shares may be evidenced and transferred in accordance with the laws applicable to and the rules and regulations of the relevant approved stock exchange that are or shall be applicable to such listed Shares.
14. The registration of transfers may be suspended when the Register of Members is closed for transfers in accordance with Article 25.
15. For so long as the Shares are listed on one of the ROC Securities Exchanges, the Company shall keep and maintain a branch Register of Members in Taiwan.

REDEMPTION, PURCHASE, SURRENDER AND TREASURY SHARES

16. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum and the Articles, notwithstanding Article 6, the Company is authorised to issue Shares which are redeemable at the option of the Company or its Members on such terms and in such manner as the Company may by Special Resolution determine before the issue of such Shares.

(b) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Memorandum, the Article, Applicable Public Company Rules and any rights conferred on the holders of any Class of Shares, the Company may repurchase its own Shares (including fractions of a Share), including any redeemable Shares, provided that the manner and terms of the repurchase have first been authorised by the Company in a general meeting by an Ordinary Resolution and the Company may make payment therefor in any manner authorised by the Statute, including but not limited to out of capital, and the Shares so repurchased by the Company shall be cancelled. The number of Shares to be repurchased and cancelled by the Company pursuant to such Ordinary Resolution shall be pro rata among the Members in proportion to the number of Shares held by each Member.

(c) Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the consideration payable by the Company to any Member in respect of a repurchase of Shares by the Company may be paid in cash or may be satisfied by the transfer of any assets. Where the consideration payable by the Company to a Member in respect of a repurchase of Shares by the Company is to be satisfied by the transfer of any assets ("Non-Cash Consideration"), the Board shall, prior to the general meeting approving the repurchase of Shares, (i) conduct a valuation on the said assets and such valuation must be audited and certified by an accountant admitted to practice in the ROC and (ii) seek specific consent from each Member who is to receive such Non-Cash Consideration and must receive his/her/its written consent prior to the general meeting approving the repurchase of Shares. In the event that written consent is not received from a Member in respect of Non-Cash Consideration, the Company shall pay cash consideration in an amount equals to such Non-Cash Consideration to such Member in respect of the repurchase of Shares from such Member. The assets to be transferred to Members by the Company in respect of a repurchase of Shares and the audited valuation of such assets shall be approved by an Ordinary Resolution at the same general meeting approving the repurchase of Shares.

- (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing and subject to the provisions of the Statute, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company may purchase its Shares listed and traded on such ROC Securities Exchange in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules without being subject to the application of Article 16(b) and (c) if such purchase is authorised by the Board by way of a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Directors at a duly convened meeting of the Board except that the quorum necessary for a Board meeting considering such on-market repurchases shall be at least two-thirds of the total number of the Directors in office, and the Board shall report the execution status of such repurchase to the Members at the next general meeting.
 - (e) No Share may be redeemed or purchased unless it is fully paid-up.
 - (f) The Company may accept the surrender for no consideration of any fully paid Share (including a redeemable Share) unless, as a result of the surrender, there would no longer be any issued Shares of the Company other than shares held as Treasury Shares.
 - (g) The Company is authorised to hold Treasury Shares in accordance with the Statute.
 - (h) The Board may classify any of the Shares that it purchases or redeems, or any shares surrendered to it as Treasury Shares in accordance with the Statute.
 - (i) Shares held by the Company as Treasury Shares shall continue to be classified as Treasury Shares until such Shares are either cancelled or transferred in accordance with the Statute.
 - (j) A Treasury Share shall not be counted in determining the total number of issued shares at any given time, whether for the purposes of these Articles or the Statute.
17. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, any transfer by the Company of any Treasury Share to any employee of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries for less than the average actual purchase or redemption price, shall require the prior approval of the Members in general meeting by way of a Special Resolution. A summary of the following matters relating to the Company's transfer of Treasury Shares to employees of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries must be specified in the notice of the general meeting where such authorization is sought:
- (i) the proposed transfer price, the discount rate, the bases of calculations and the reasonableness thereof;
 - (ii) the number of Treasury Shares to be transferred, and the purpose and the reasonableness of the proposed transfer;
 - (iii) qualifications of the employees, and the number of Treasury Shares they may purchase; and
 - (iv) impact on shareholders' equity, such as additional expenses incurred, reduction of the Company's earnings per share, and the financial burdens on the Company resulting from transferring Treasury Shares to employees at less than the average actual purchase or redemption price.
- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange and subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules (including Regulations Governing Share Repurchase by *Exchange-Listed* and *OTC-Listed* Companies promulgated by the FSC), the aggregate number of Treasury Shares transferred to employees in accordance with Article 17 (a) may not exceed five (5) percent of the total issued Shares, and the aggregate number of shares to any single employee may not exceed 0.5 percent of the total issued Shares.
- (c) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, when the Company transfers its Treasury Shares to any employee of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries, the Company may enter into a contract with such employee for the purpose of restricting such

employee's subsequent transfers of his/her Shares (so transferred to him/her by the Company) for a period of no more than two (2) years.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS OF SHARES

18. (a) If at any time the Share capital of the Company is divided into different Classes of Shares, the rights attached to any Class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied by a Special Resolution passed at a general meeting of the holders of common Shares and a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of Shares of that Class. The provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall apply to every such general meeting of the holders of a Class of Shares.
- (b) Upon the creation of any new Class of Shares or alteration of the rights of existing Class of Shares (being ordinary shares), the Company shall amend the Memorandum and/or these Articles to state the rights and obligations of such Classes of Shares into these Articles.
19. The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any Class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that Class, be deemed to be varied by the creation, allotment or issue of further Shares ranking *pari passu* therewith or subsequent to them or by the redemption or purchase of Shares of any Class by the Company.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

20. In case of the death of a Member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased Member was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased Member where the deceased Member was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the deceased Member's interest in the Shares, but nothing contained herein shall release the estate of any such deceased holder from any liability in respect of any Shares which had been held by him/her solely or jointly with other persons.
21. (a) Any person becoming entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any other way other than by transfer) may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself/herself/itself as holder of the Share or to make such transfer of the Share to such other person nominated by him/her/it as the deceased or bankrupt person could have made and to have such person registered as the transferee thereof, but the Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or, in accordance with Article 25, suspend, registration of the transfer as it would have had in the case of a transfer of the Share by that Member before his/her death or bankruptcy as the case may be.
- (b) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself/herself/itself as holder he/she/it shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him/her/it stating that he/she/it elects to be so registered.
22. A person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or bankruptcy or liquidation or dissolution of a Member (or in any other case than by transfer) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he/she/it would be entitled if he/she/it were the registered holder of the Share, except that he/she/it shall not, before being registered as a Member in respect of the Share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by the Shares in relation to meetings of the Company.
23. (a) The Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any Share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognise any equitable claim or other claim to, or interest in, such share on the part of any other person.

(b) No person shall be entitled to recognition by the Company as holding any Share on any trust and the Company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise, (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any other right in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety of the share in the holder.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL & CHANGE OF LOCATION OF REGISTERED OFFICE

24. (a) Subject to and in so far as permitted by the provisions of the Statute, the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
- (i) increase its share capital by such sum, to be divided into Shares of such Classes and amount, as the resolution shall prescribe;
 - (ii) consolidate all or any of its share capital into Shares of a larger amount than its existing Shares;
 - (iii) subdivide its existing Shares or any of them into Shares of a smaller amount provided that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced Shares shall be the same as it was in case of the Share from which the reduced Shares is derived; and
 - (iv) cancel any shares that at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the Shares so cancelled;
- (b) The Company may from time to time, by Special Resolution and subject to compliance with the provisions of the Statute, reduce its share capital or share premium account or capital redemption reserve or other undistributed reserve in any manner permitted by law.
- (c) Subject to the provisions of the Statute, the Company may by resolution of the Board change the location of its registered office.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBER AND RECORD DATE

25. For purpose of determining Members entitled to receive notice of or to vote at any meeting of Members or any adjournment thereof, or Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or in order to make a determination as to the Members of the Company for any other proper purpose, the Board may determine that the Register of Members shall be closed for transfers for any period. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Register of Members may only be closed in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules.
26. To the extent required by Applicable Public Company Rules, in lieu of or apart from closing the Register of Members, the Board may fix in advance one or more dates as the record dates for determining the Members entitled to receive notice of or to vote at a meeting of the Members, or for the purpose of determining the Members entitled to receive payment of any dividend.

GENERAL MEETING

27. (a) The Company may in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting, PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT, for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, an annual general meeting shall be held within six (6) months following the end of each fiscal year of the Company and it shall be specified as such meeting in the notice convening the same. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, all general meetings shall be convened by the Board.
- (b) Member(s) continuously holding 50% or more of the total number of outstanding shares of

the Company for a period of three (3) months or a longer time may convene an extraordinary general meeting. The calculation of the holding period and holding number of shares shall be based on the holding at the time of share transfer suspension date.

28. The general meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Board shall determine provided that unless otherwise provided by the Statute, and unless otherwise determined by the Board, all physical general meetings shall be held in Taiwan. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if the Board resolves to hold a physical general meeting outside Taiwan, the Company shall apply for the approval of the applicable ROC Securities Exchange within two (2) days after the Board passes such resolution. Where a physical general meeting is to be held outside Taiwan, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall engage a professional securities agent licensed in Taiwan to be present at such general meeting and to handle the administration of such general meeting, including without limitation, the handling of the voting of proxies submitted by Members.
- 28.1 (a) The general meeting may be held by Virtual Meeting or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority of Taiwan Company Act. Subject to the publication of the central competent authority of Taiwan Company Act, in the event of natural disaster, incident or other acts of God, the general meeting can be held within a given period by Virtual Meeting or other means whereby the central competent authority of Taiwan Company Act has published. In case where any general meeting at which Communication Facilities are permitted in accordance with these Articles, including any Virtual Meeting or other means whereby the central competent authority has published, the Members who attended and participated by means of use of such Communication Facilities at such meeting shall be treated as present in person at that meeting.
- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, subject to the Statute, the Memorandum and these Articles, the Company shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules when holding the general meeting via Virtual Meeting.
29. General meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings. The Board may convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever they determine that such a meeting is necessary in their absolute discretion.
30. The Board shall, upon a Members' requisition, forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company. For the purpose of these Articles, a "Members' requisition" is a requisition of one or more Member(s) of the Company holding in the aggregate at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than three percent (3%) of the total number of issued Shares at the time of requisition and whose Shares shall have been held continuously by such Member(s) for at least one (1) year.
31. The requisition from the Member(s) must be in writing and shall express the purpose of the extraordinary general meeting to be requisitioned and must be signed by the requisitioner(s) and deposited at the Registered Office. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.
32. If the Board does not within fifteen (15) days from the date of deposit of the requisition dispatch the notice to convene an extraordinary general meeting, the requisitioner(s) may themselves convene the extraordinary general meeting. An extraordinary general meeting convened as aforesaid by requisitioner(s) shall be convened and held in the same manner as nearly as possible in which general meetings are convened and held by the Board.
33. (a) Subject to the Statute and without prejudice to other provisions of these Articles as regards the matters to be dealt with by Special Resolution, the Company may from time to time by Special Resolution:
 - (i) change its name;
 - (ii) alter or add to these Articles;

- (iii) alter or add to the Memorandum with respect to any objects, powers or other matters specified therein; or
 - (b) Subject to the Statute, the Company may, by a Special Resolution, effect a Merger or a Consolidation of the Company in accordance with the Statute.
34. Subject to the Statute, Article 24(b) and 33(b), the Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution:
- (a) resolve that any particular declared dividend be satisfied in whole or in part by the issuance of new Shares credited as fully paid to the Members pursuant to Article 104;
 - (b) effect any capitalisation of any amount pursuant to Article 106 hereof;
 - (c) effect any Spin-off of the Company;
 - (d) enter into, amend, or terminate any agreement for lease of the Company's whole business, or for delegation of the operation, or for frequent joint operation with others;
 - (e) transfer all or a material part of its business or assets;
 - (f) acquire or assume all businesses or assets of another person which will have a material effect on the Company's business operation; or
 - (g) undergo a Share Swap.
- 34.1 For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company may, by at least two-thirds (2/3) of votes cast by Members at a general meeting with a quorum of more than half of the total number of the issued Shares, issue securities by way of private placement within the territory of the ROC, provide that, for issuance of straight corporate bonds by way of private placement within the territory of the ROC, the Company may do so solely by resolution of the Board of Directors and such issuance can be in a single or a series of tranches taking place within one year from the date of the resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 34.2 Subject to the Statute and Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company shall not, without passing a resolution adopted by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the total number of votes represented by the issued shares in the Company:
- (a) enter into a Merger, in which the Company is not the surviving company and is proposed to be struck-off and thereby dissolved, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the surviving or newly incorporated company is a Non TWSE- Listed or TPEX-Listed Company;
 - (b) make a general transfer of all the business and assets of the Company, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the assigned company is a Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company;
 - (c) be acquired by another company as its wholly-owned subsidiary by means of a Share Swap, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the acquirer is a Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company; or
 - (d) carry out a Spin-off, which results in a delisting of the Shares on the TWSE, and the surviving or newly incorporated spun-off company is a Non TWSE-Listed or TPEX-Listed Company.
35. Subject to the Statute, the Company may by Special Resolution resolve to wind up the Company voluntarily, provided that for resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily because

the Company is unable to pay its debt as they fall due, it shall be passed by Supermajority Resolution.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

36. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least thirty (30) days' notice of an annual general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held, the general nature of business to be conducted at the meeting, and the available means to exercise the Members' rights. For so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, at least fifteen (15) days' notice of an extraordinary general meeting shall be given to each Member, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting, and the available means to exercise the Members' rights. All notices convening general meetings of the Company shall be exclusive of the day on which it is dispatched or deemed to be transmitted and the day of the meeting.
37. A general meeting of the Company shall, notwithstanding that it is called on shorter notice than that specified in these Articles, be deemed to have been properly called if it is so agreed by all the Members having the right to attend and vote at an annual general meeting or an extraordinary general meeting (as the case may be).
38. The non-receipt of notice of a meeting, by any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate the resolutions passed at or the proceedings of that meeting.
39. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall send materials as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules (including written ballots if the Members may exercise their votes by means of written ballots at general meetings, proxy form, and summary information and details about issues for recognition, discussion, election or dismissal of Directors) relating to the matters to be discussed in each meeting together with the notice convening the general meeting in accordance with Article 36 hereof and shall transmit the same via the Market Observation Post System. The Board shall prepare a meeting handbook for the relevant general meeting and supplemental materials in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, which will be sent to or made available to all Members and shall be transmitted to the Market Observation Post System in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules, at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the date of the annual general meeting, and at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date of an extraordinary general meeting. In case the paid-in capital of the Company reaches NT\$2 billion or more as of the last day of the most recent fiscal year, or the aggregate shareholding percentage of non-Taiwanese investors and Mainland Chinese investors in the Company reaches 30% or more as recorded in the shareholders' register at the time of holding of the annual general meeting in the most recent fiscal year, the Company shall upload the aforesaid electronic file by thirty (30) days prior to the day on which the annual general meeting is to be held.
40. Any of the following matters should be listed on the notice of the general meeting, which shall contain a summary of the material issues to be discussed in respect of these matters, and shall not be brought up as extemporary motions. The matters to be discussed may be posted on the website designated by the competent authority or the Company, and such website shall be indicated in the above notice:
 - (a) election or removal of Directors;
 - (b) alteration of the Memorandum and/or these Articles; and
 - (c) reduction of capital; and
 - (d) application for the approval of ceasing to be a listed company or ceasing its status as a public company in the jurisdiction of ROC;
 - (e) (i) dissolution, Merger, Consolidation, Share Swap, or Spin-off, (ii) the entry into, any

changes to or termination of any contract for lease of the Company's whole business, entrusted business or frequent joint venture of the Company with others, (iii) transfer of the whole or any material part of the business or assets of the Company, (iv) acceptance of the transfer of the whole business or assets from another person which will have a material effect on the business operation of the Company;

- (f) ratification of an action of Director(s) who is/ are engaged in business for him/herself or on behalf of another person, such business being within the scope of the business of the Company;
- (g) payment of dividends to Members to be satisfied in part by way of issuance of new Shares;
- (h) distribution to Members in the form of new shares or cash on a pro-rata basis based on their respective shareholding in the Company to be paid out of the Company's share premium account and/or a distributable reserve of the Company (including, but not limited to, any capital reserve arising from contributed surplus account which are distributable or endowment income and Legal Reserve) subject to the Statute and these Articles; and
- (i) private placement of any equity securities to be issued by the Company.

The matters set out in Article 40(a) to Article 40(i) (inclusive) and Article 17 (a) shall not be raised as an ad hoc motion at any general meeting of the Company.

- 41. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall keep printed copies of the Memorandum, these Articles, minutes of general meetings, financial statements, the branch Register of Members in Taiwan, and the counterfoil of any corporate bonds issued by the Company at the offices of the Company's branch share registrar in Taiwan (if any) and the Company's securities agent located in Taiwan unless electronic copies of the aforementioned documents may be kept pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules. From time to time, by submitting document(s) evidencing his/her interests involved and indicating the designated scope of the inspection, the Members may inspect, review or make copies of the aforementioned documents, and the Company shall cause the Company's branch share registrar to make the aforementioned documents available to the Members. The Board or other authorized conveners of general meetings of the Company may require the Company or the Company's branch share registrar to provide with the branch Register of Members.
- 42. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall make copies of all statements and records prepared by the Board and the report prepared by the Audit Committee available at its securities agent located in Taiwan no later than ten (10) days prior to the date of the general meeting in accordance with Applicable Public Company Rules. Members may, at their own expenses, inspect, review or copy the aforementioned documents from time to time and such Members may be accompanied by their advisors, attorneys or certified public accountants for the purpose of such inspection and review.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 43. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business and is maintained throughout the meeting. Unless otherwise provided for in these Articles, two or more Members present in person, or by proxy representing, more than one-half of the total issued Shares, shall constitute a quorum for any general meeting.
- 44. So long as the Shares are or listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall comply with the relevant Applicable Public Company Rules whereby following the end of each fiscal year of the Company, the Board shall table at an annual general meeting of the Company, business reports, financial statements and the Board's proposals for allocation and distribution of profits or losses for approval or ratification (as the case may be) by the Members as required by the Applicable Public Company Rules. In accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Board shall, after approval or ratification by the Members at the annual general

meeting, distribute or make public announcement on the Market Observation Post System to each Member copies of the approved or ratified financial statements, reports and proposals together with the Company's resolutions which approved or ratified the allocation and distribution of profits or loss.

45. A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a poll. No resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided by a show of hands.
46. Subject to all applicable laws, nothing in these Articles shall prevent any Member from initiating proceedings in a court of competent jurisdiction for an appropriate remedy in connection with illegal, or in a way against these Articles, convening any general meeting or passing any resolution. The Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of first instance for adjudicating any disputes arising out of the foregoing.
47. Unless otherwise expressly required by the Statute, the Memorandum or these Articles, any matter presented for resolution, approval, confirmation or adoption by the Members at any general meeting may be passed by an Ordinary Resolution.
48. Provided that the Shares are not listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, a resolution (including a Special Resolution) in writing (in one or more counterparts) signed by all Members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at general meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held.
49. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, one or more Members holding one percent (1%) or more of the total issued Shares immediately prior to the relevant period during which the Register of Members is closed for transfers, may in writing or by way of electronic transmission submit to the Company a proposal for consideration and, if appropriate, approval at an annual general meeting. Such proposals shall be included in the agenda except for the following conditions:
 - (i) the proposing Member(s) hold(s) less than one percent (1%) of the total issued Shares as at the relevant date in accordance with this Article;
 - (ii) the matter proposed to be discussed may not be resolved at an annual general meeting;
 - (iii) the proposing Member has made more than one proposal for consideration at the same annual general meeting or such proposal containing more than 300 words; or
 - (iv) the proposal is meeting submitted after the expiration of the specified period determined by the Board.(b) The proposal proposed for urging the Company to promote public interests or fulfill social responsibilities may still be included in the list of proposals to be discussed at an annual general meeting by the Board.
50. Unless otherwise agreed by a majority of the Members attending and entitled to vote thereat, the Chairman shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Members at which such person is present. In his/her/its absence, a chairman shall be appointed or elected in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
51. (a) Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, if a quorum is not present by the time appointed for the general meeting, the chairman may adjourn the commencement of the general meeting to a later time, but no more than one (1) hour in all circumstances. If the commencement of the general meeting has been adjourned twice and a quorum is still not present, then the general meeting shall be adjourned to such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine. The Board (or the Secretary duly authorised by the Board) may adjourn any general meeting called in accordance with the provisions of these Articles (other than a meeting requisitioned under these Articles) provided that notice of adjournment is given to each Member. The Board may determine the date, time and

place for the adjourned meeting as it deems appropriate and shall give fresh notice of the date, time and place for the adjourned meeting to each Member in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, PROVIDED THAT for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, such adjournment shall also comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

- (b) The chairman of a general meeting may, with the consent of a majority of the Members present at any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and if so directed shall, adjourn the meeting. Unless the meeting is adjourned to a specific date, place and time announced at the meeting being adjourned, a notice stating the date, place and time for the resumption of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat in accordance with the provisions of these Articles and for so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, such adjournment shall also comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 52. (a) Subject to the Statute, the Memorandum, these Articles, and any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any Class or Classes of Shares, every Member who is present at a general meeting, either in person (or in the case of a Member being a corporation, by its authorised representative) or by proxy, shall have one vote for every Share of which he/she/it is the holder.

(b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, any Members holding Shares on behalf of another beneficiary Member(s) may exercise his/her/its voting rights severally in accordance with the request(s) of the respective beneficial Member(s). The qualifications, scopes, exercises, operational procedures and other matters in relation to the aforesaid separate exercise of voting rights shall be conducted in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

(c) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if a Member holding more than one Share does not cast all his votes in the same way, such Member must do so in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- 53. Votes may be cast either personally or by proxy. A Member may appoint only one proxy and only under one instrument to attend and vote at each meeting. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office or the office of the Company's FSC-recognised shareholders' service agent (as the term is defined under the Applicable Public Company Rules) in the ROC or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the general meeting, or in any instrument appointing a proxy sent out by the Company not less than five days before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote. Where more than one instrument to appoint a proxy are received from the same Member by the Company, the first instrument received shall prevail, unless an explicit written statement is made by the relevant Member to revoke the previous proxy in the later-received instrument.
- 54. (a) Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company shall provide the Members not attending and voting at a general meeting in person or by proxy with a method for exercising their voting right by means of electronic transmission prior to the commencement of that general meeting. Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Company may provide the Members not attending and voting at a general meeting in person or by proxy with a method for exercising their voting right by means of a written ballot prior to the commencement of that general meeting. The method for exercising voting right shall be described in the notice convening the general meeting to be given to the Members in accordance with these Articles. For the avoidance of doubt, Shares voted in the manner mentioned above shall, for purposes of these Articles and the Statute, be counted towards the quorum of the respective meeting and a Member who exercises his/her/its voting rights by means of a written ballot or electronic transmission shall be deemed to have appointed a FSC-recognized shareholders' service agent, or if

such agent was not engaged the chairman of the general meeting, as his proxy.

- (b) Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, all Members voting by means of a written ballot or of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have waived notice of, and the right to vote in regard to, any ad hoc motion or amendment to the items set out in the notice convening the general meeting to be resolved at the said general meeting.
 - (c) Subject to Article 55, in the event that a Member who has exercised his/her/its voting power by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission decides to attend a general meeting, then the vote casted in the aforesaid manner shall be deemed to have been revoked and the voting power exercised by the Member at the general meeting shall prevail.
55. Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules , in the event any Member who has exercised his/her/its voting rights by means of a written ballot or by means of electronic transmission (as applicable) pursuant to Article 54 intends to attend the general meeting physically in person or by authorised representative if the Member is a corporation, he/she/it shall, at least two (2) days prior to the date of the general meeting, deposit at the Registered Office or at the office of the securities agent engaged by the Company in the ROC so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the meeting a separate notice to rescind and revoke his/her/its votes cast by way of such written ballot or electronic transmission (as applicable) (for the purposes of this Article only, the “**Previous Voting**”), failing which, the Member shall be deemed to have waived his/her/its right to attend and vote at the relevant general meeting in person and the Company shall not count any votes cast by such Member physically at the relevant general meeting . Subject to the Statute and the Applicable Public Company Rules, votes by means of written ballot or electronic transmission shall be valid unless the relevant Member revokes the Previous Voting before the prescribed time.
56. In the case of joint holders of Shares, such joint holders shall appoint a representative among them to exercise the votes of their Shares and shall notify the Company of such appointment. If no such representative is appointed by such joint holders of record, then the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person (or in case of a corporation, by authorised representative) or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.
57. (a) No Member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless he/she/it is registered as a Member of the Company on the record date for such general meeting. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote by his committee, receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee receiver, curator bonis or other persons may, subject to all applicable laws, vote by proxy in accordance with these Articles.
- (b) Subject to the Statute, so long as the Shares are listed in any ROC Securities Exchange, when a Director pledges more than one-half of the Shares which he/she/it held at the moment when he/she/it was elected as a Director, such Director shall refrain from exercising the votes with respect to the Shares pledged exceeding the one-half threshold, and the votes of the Shares pledged exceeding the one-half threshold shall not be counted in the total number of votes of Member present at the meeting. However, such Shares shall be counted in determining the quorum of the general meeting.

SHARES WHICH ARE NOT ENTITLED TO VOTE

58. Shares set out below shall not be voted at any general meeting and shall not be counted into the total number of issued Shares for determining the quorum of the general meeting:

- (a) Shares that are directly or indirectly owned by the Company;
 - (b) Shares that are owned by its Subsidiary, more than one-half of the total number of issued voting shares or paid-up capital of that Subsidiary is directly or indirectly owned by the Company; and
 - (c) Shares that are owned by a company, more than one-half of the total number of issued voting shares or paid-up capital of such a company is directly or indirectly owned by the Company, its Subsidiaries or the holding company(ies) to which the Company is a Subsidiary.
59. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if a Member who has a personal interest in respect of any matter proposed for consideration and, if appropriate, approval at a general meeting, and such interest is in conflict with and may harm the interests of the Company, such Member shall abstain from voting in respect of all his/her/its Shares which such Member would otherwise be entitled to vote in person or by proxy (or by corporate representative, if such Member is a corporation) with respect to the said matter, and the votes cast in respect of the Shares held by such Members shall not be counted, but such Members and their Shares may be counted in determining the quorum of the general meeting. The aforementioned Member shall also not vote on behalf of any other Member with respect to that same matter.

DISSENTING MEMBERS' APPRAISAL RIGHT

60. (a) In the event any of the following resolutions is passed at a general meeting, any dissenting Member may request the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares at the then prevailing fair value:
- (i) a resolution approving Spin-off, Consolidation, Merger, Acquisition or Share Swap;
 - (ii) a resolution approving the entry into by the Company, any amendments to or termination of any lease of all of the Company's business, delegation of the operation or frequent joint operation (which expression shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Applicable Public Company Rules) of the Company with others;
 - (iii) a resolution approving the transfer by the Company of all or a material part of its business or assets, provided that this shall not apply where such transfer is to be made pursuant to the dissolution of the Company; or
 - (iv) a resolution approving the acquisition by the Company of all of the business or assets from another person, which will have a material effect on the Company's business operations.
- (b) The dissenting Member specified in the preceding paragraph shall mean:
- (i) any Member who has notified the Company of his objection to the resolution specified in Article 60 (a)(i) in writing or verbally with a record prior to or during the relevant general meeting and has voted against the resolution or abstained from voting at such general meeting; shares for which voting has been abstained pursuant to this paragraph shall not be counted in the number of votes of Members present at such general meeting;
 - (ii) any Member who has notified the Company in writing of his objection to the resolution specified in Article 60 (a)(ii), (iii), and (iv) prior to the date of the relevant general meeting and has raised again his/her/its objection at such general meeting.
61. Subject to compliance with the Statute:
- (a) any dissenting Member filing a request under the preceding Article shall give notice in writing to the Company within 20 days after the resolution was adopted by the general meeting,

such notice shall state the class, the number and the price of the shares to be repurchased. In the event that an agreement on the repurchase price is reached between the Company and the dissenting Member, the company shall pay the agreed repurchase price for the Shares within 90 days after the resolution was adopted by the general meeting. In the event that no agreement is reached, the Company shall within 90 days after the date on which the resolution was passed, pay such dissenting Member the price to which the Company considers to be the fair price. In the event that the Company fails to pay the price to which the Company considers to be fair price within 90 days after the date in which the resolution was passed, the Company shall be deemed to have agreed on the price requested by the dissenting Member as stated in the dissenting Member's written notice.

(b) In the event that the dissenting Member requests the Company to buy back all of his/her/its Shares pursuant to Article 60(a)(i), and no agreement on the buy-back price is reached between the Company and the dissenting Member within 60 days after the resolution was adopted by the general meeting, the Company shall, within 30 days from the expiry of the 60 day period, commence court proceedings against the dissenting Members to which repurchase price cannot be reached for a court order on the repurchase price and for these purposes and to the extent permitted by applicable laws, may include the Taiwan Taipei District Court.

PROXIES AND SOLICITATION OF PROXIES

62. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and if the appointor is a natural person, shall be executed under the hand of the appointor or of his/her attorney duly authorised in writing; or, if the appointor is a corporation, shall be executed by affixing with Seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in that behalf. A Member shall serve such instrument of proxy to the Company no later than five (5) days prior to the date of the general meeting. In case two or more instruments of proxy are received from one Member, the first one received by the Company shall prevail; unless such Member explicitly revoke the previous instrument of proxy in the subsequent instrument of proxy. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Registered Office, or, at the office of the securities agent engaged by the Company in the ROC so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, or at such other place, in such manner as is specified in the notice convening the meeting.
63. (a) For so long the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange and subject to the Applicable Public Company Rules, except for (i) trust enterprises organized under the laws of the ROC or (ii) a shareholders' service agent (as the term is defined under the Applicable Public Company Rules) recognised by the FSC, or (iii) the FSC-recognized shareholders' service agent or chairman as appointed in accordance with Article 54(a) in the event a person has been appointed as the proxy for two or more Members, the sum of Shares entitled to vote as represented by such proxy shall be no more than three percent (3%) of the total issued Shares immediately prior to the relevant date of closure of the Register of Members for purposes of determining Members entitled to vote at the general meeting; any vote in respect of the portion in excess of such three percent threshold shall not be counted.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form approved by the Company and be expressed to be for a particular meeting and the adjourned meeting(s) thereof. The form of proxy shall include at least the following information: (a) instructions on how to complete the form, (b) the matters to be voted upon by the proxy, and (c) basic identification information relating to the relevant Member appointing the proxy, his/her/its proxy and the Solicitor (if any). The form of proxy shall be provided to the Members together with the notice for the relevant general meeting, and such notice and proxy materials shall be distributed to all Members on the same day.
- (c) In the event any Member who has served the Company with a proxy instrument intends to attend general meetings in person or exercise his/her/its voting power by means of written ballots or electronic transmissions, he/she/it shall, at least two days prior to the general meeting, serve a separate declaration of intention to revoke his/her/its appointment of proxy. Votes cast by proxy shall be valid if the relevant Member fails to revoke the appointment of

proxy before the time prescribed by the Applicable Public Company Rules. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event that any Member who has exercised his/her/its voting power by means of written ballots or electronic transmissions pursuant to Article 54, but thereafter appoints a proxy in accordance with Article 63(b) and the Applicable Public Company Rules to attend such General Meeting, then the votes cast by such proxy at the General Meeting shall prevail over any previous electronic or written ballots.

- (d) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, so long as the Shares are listed on an ROC Securities Exchange, all matters concerning proxies and/or the solicitation of instruments of proxies by a Solicitor relating to the Shares shall comply with these Articles and ROC's *Rules Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Member Meetings of Public Companies* and all other applicable laws and regulations, including but without limitation, the Applicable Public Company Rules, for the time being whether or not expressly provided for in these Articles.

DIRECTORS

64. There shall be a Board consisting of seven (7) to nine (9) Directors, each of whom shall be appointed to a term of office of three (3) years. Directors may be eligible for re-election.
65. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise approved by one of the ROC Securities Exchanges on which the Company's Shares are traded, less than half of the total number of Directors can have a spousal relationship or family relationship within the second degree of kinship (as defined in the Applicable Public Company Rules) with any other Directors.
66. In the event that the Company convenes and holds a general meeting for the election of Directors and any of the Directors elected does not meet the requirements provided in Article 65 hereof, the non-qualifying Director(s) who was elected with the least number of votes shall be deemed not to have been elected, to the extent necessary to meet the requirements provided for in Article 65 hereof. Any person who is currently a Director but is in violation of the aforementioned requirements shall be automatically discharged from his/her/its office effective from such violation.
67. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, unless otherwise permitted under the Applicable Public Company Rules, there shall be at least three (3) Independent Directors, and the total number of Independent Directors shall not be less than one-fifth of the total number of Directors. To the extent required by the Applicable Public Company Rules, at least one of the Independent Directors shall be domiciled in the ROC and at least one of the same shall have accounting or financial expertise.
68. Independent Directors shall have professional knowledge and shall maintain independence within the scope of their duties as Independent Directors of the Company, and shall not have any direct or indirect interests in the Company. The professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings, restrictions as to concurrent positions or engagements and assessment of independence with respect to Independent Directors shall be governed by the Applicable Public Company Rules.
69. The Board shall determine the remuneration (including any compensation) paid to the Directors (including the Independent Directors) according to the recommendation by the Remuneration Committee so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchanges. Factors which shall be considered when determining the remuneration paid to each Director shall include, without limitation, the extent and value of the services provided for the management of the Company, the operating performance of the Company, and the industry-wide compensation levels and practices. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid their travel, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in going to, attending and returning from meetings of the Board, or any committee of the Board, or general meetings of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the business of the Company, or to receive a fixed allowance in respect thereof

as may be determined by the Board from time to time, or a combination partly of one such method and partly the other.

70. A Director who is engaged in anything on his/her/its own account or on behalf of another person, which is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the Members in a general meeting the essential contents of such conduct and seek their approval by Supermajority Resolution.

71. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, if, during the term of office, a director transfers his shareholding such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date of his appointment according to the Register of Members, the director shall, *ipso facto*, be automatically discharged from office.

(b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, a director's appointment shall not become effective in the following circumstances:

(i) if such director transfers his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date on which his appointment is approved according to the Register of Members, but prior to the commencement of the term of his appointment becoming effective, if applicable; or

(ii) if such director transfers his Shares such that he holds less than one half of the Shares he held as at the date on which his appointment is approved according to the Register of Members during the Transfer Prohibition Period.

Any breach of Article 71(b) shall cause the appointment of any proposed director to be, *ipso facto*, void.

(c) The preceding subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Article 71 do not apply when the Director involved is an Independent Director.

72. (a) Where a government agency or an incorporated entity is a Member, and such government agency or entity has been elected as a Director, it shall appoint an individual as its duly authorised representative to exercise the power and duties of a Director. Such representative may be replaced at any time and from time to time by the said government agency or entity at its sole discretion.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, where a government agency or an incorporated entity is a Member, such government agency or entity (an "Appointer") is entitled to nominate one(1) or more individual representatives to be elected as Directors (for the purpose of these Articles, "Appointee Directors") in accordance with Article 73.

(c) The Appointer may, by prior written notice to the Company, remove the Appointee Directors nominated by it and appoint another individual as an Appointee Director for the remaining term of office. This Article 72(c) will not apply if the Appointee Director is removed by a Supermajority Resolution pursuant to Article 77.

ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

73. Subject to Article 71(b) and Article 96, the Company may at any general meeting elect any person to be a Director in accordance with Article 74 below.

74. (a) Directors (including Independent Directors) shall be elected pursuant to a cumulative voting mechanism pursuant to a poll vote, where the total number of votes exercisable by any Member shall be the product of the number of Shares held by such Member and the number of Directors to be elected ("**Special Ballot Votes**"), and the total number of Special Ballot Votes cast by any Member may, at the sole discretion of the Member, be consolidated for election of one candidate for directorship or may be split for the election of several candidates for directorship, as specified in the voting paper by the relevant Member. The candidates who receive the ballots

representing the prevailing votes from the Members pursuant to this Article shall be elected as Directors.

- (b) Prior to any election or appointment of a Director pursuant to these Articles, such candidate of Director shall deliver a written confirmation to the Company indicating his/her willingness to serve as a Director if he/she is elected or appointed. Within fifteen (15) days after the election of Directors, an elected Director shall execute and deliver a letter of consent to the Company, the form of which shall be prescribed by the Company, notifying his/her acceptance of serving as a Director of the Company and of observing duties which may be set forth in such letter of consent.
 - (c) Directors shall hold office only until the general meeting at which such Director is required by the Applicable Public Company Rules to retire, resign, seek re-election or being removed pursuant to these Articles.
 - (d) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, subject to the Statute, the Memorandum and these Articles, the Company shall adopt a candidate nomination mechanism for the office of Directors which is in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
75. (a) The list of candidates for the office of Independent Director shall be nominated by the Board and such list shall be distributed to the Members in accordance with Article 39, and in such manner and at such time as may be determined by the Board.
- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, subject to the Statute, the Memorandum and these Articles, the Company shall adopt a candidate nomination mechanism for the office of Independent Directors which is in compliance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.
- (c) If the number of Independent Directors is less than or falls below three (3) due to vacation of office of such Independent Directors for any reason, the Company shall elect new Independent Directors at the next following general meeting. If the office of all of the Independent Directors have become vacant, the Board shall convene, within sixty (60) days of vacancy of the last Independent Director, a general meeting of Members to elect new Independent Directors to fill the vacancies.
76. If the number of Directors is less than or falls below Seven (7) for any reason, the Company shall elect new Director(s) at the next following general meeting. When the number of vacancies in the Board is equal to or more than one third of the size of the Board as set out in Article 64 above, the remaining Directors shall convene, within the next sixty (60) days therefrom, a general meeting of Members to elect new Directors to fill in the vacancies.
77. The Company may from time to time by Supermajority Resolution remove any Director from his/her office, whether another person has been appointed in his/her stead.
78. Subject to all applicable laws, where a Director has, in the course of performing his/her duties, committed any act resulting in material damage to the Company or committed a violation of applicable laws, regulations, and/or these Articles, and a Supermajority Resolution at a general meeting to approve his/her removal was put forth but failed to pass, any one or more Members holding three percent (3%) or more of the total issued Shares may, within thirty (30) days after the said general meeting, institute a legal proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction for an order to remove such Director provided that such Member(s) hold three percent (3%) or more of the total issued Shares as at the date of the institution of such legal proceedings to remove such Director. The Taipei District Court, ROC, may be the court of first instance for this matter. The office of such Director shall ipso facto be vacated with effect from the date such order of court is obtained.

DIRECTOR'S PROXY

79. If a Director is unable to attend a meeting of the Board, such Director may appoint another Director as his proxy to attend and to vote on his behalf at the meeting, in which event the presence and vote of the proxy shall be deemed to be that of the Director. The appointing Director shall, in each instance, issue a written proxy and state therein the manner in which his proxy is to vote in respect of the business to be discussed at that meeting, and such written proxy shall be lodged with the Board at the Registered Office or at such other place as is specified in the notice convening the Board meeting at any time before that meeting. A Director may only act as the proxy of one Director.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

80. (a) Subject to Cayman Islands law and the Applicable Public Company Rules, the Board shall manage and conduct the business of the Company. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in promoting, registering and setting up the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, for the time being, by the Statute, these Articles, any applicable regulations or by any resolutions passed by the Company in general meeting, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting.
- (b) Subject to Cayman Islands law, any Director shall owe fiduciary duties to the Company and such fiduciary obligations shall include but not limited to the observance of general standards of loyalty, good faith and the avoidance of a conflict of duty and interest. If any Director breached the aforesaid fiduciary duties, subject to the laws of the Cayman Islands, such Director shall be held liable for any damages therefrom. Subject to Cayman Islands law, the Members may by way of an Ordinary Resolution request a Director to disgorge the gains from his breach of the duty of loyalty and the duty to exercise fiduciary cares.
- (c) If a Director, during his conduct of the business of the Company, caused damages to other third parties by violating applicable laws, such Directors shall, subject to all applicable laws, be jointly liable with the Company to such damaged third parties.
81. The Board may from time to time and at any time by powers of attorney appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purpose and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorneys as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him/her.
82. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for monies paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
83. The Board shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose of:
- (a) all appointments of officers made by the Board;
- (b) the names of the Directors (including those represented thereat by proxy) present at each meeting of the Board and of any committee of the Board;
- (c) all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of the Board and of committees of the Board.
84. Subject to all applicable laws, the Applicable Public Company Rules, these Articles, and any internal regulation governing the lending of capital, endorsement, guarantees, and acquisition and disposition of assets which may be adopted by the Company by an Ordinary Resolution at general meetings, the Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and

to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital or any part thereof and to issue other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party, and to stand surety for or to guarantee, support or secure the performance of all or any of the obligations of any person, firm or company whether or not related or affiliated to the Company in any manner.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

85. Unanimous written resolutions signed by all Directors shall have the same effect as if such resolutions were passed at duly convened meetings of the Board, and all such resolutions shall be described as "Written Directors' Resolutions" and shall be recorded in the Company's minute book. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more Directors. However, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchanges, the Board must meet together for the dispatch of business and no written Directors' Resolutions may be passed. The Board may convene, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit. Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, a resolution put to the vote at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Directors present at that Board meeting at which there is a quorum. In case of an equality of votes, the resolution shall fail.
86. (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this Article, meetings of the Board may be summoned in accordance with such rules and procedures for meetings of the Board as may be adopted from time to time by the Board.
- (b) A meeting of the Board shall be summoned by at least seven (7) days' notice in writing to all Directors, and the notice shall set forth the general nature of the business to be considered. However, a meeting of the Board may be summoned at any time if there is any emergency, provided that notice is waived by all the Directors either at, before or after the meeting is held. If notice of a meeting of the Board is given in person, by cable, telex, facsimile, or electronic messages, the same shall be deemed to have been given on the day it is delivered, sent or transmitted to each of the Directors.
87. (a) A Director shall attend meetings of the Board in person or by proxy in accordance with these Articles.
- (b) Unless otherwise provided in these Articles, the quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Board shall be more than one-half of the number of the Directors in office as at the date of the meeting, PROVIDED ALWAYS that if there shall at any time be only a sole Director the quorum shall be one. For the purposes of this Article, a proxy appointed by a Director shall be counted in a quorum at a meeting at which the Director appointing him/her is not present.
- (c) When the following resolutions put to the vote at any meeting of the Board, the quorum required shall be more than two-thirds of the number of Directors: (i) matters described in Article 11, 16(d) and 40 (c) herein; (ii) any issuance, allotment, or placement of new Shares; (iii) any issuance of debenture, bonds, or any other type of debt securities; (iv) any declaration of Directors or employees compensation pursuant to Article 102(a) or a plan of declaration of dividends and/or bonus; and (v) election and removal of the Chairman of the Board described in Article 89 herein.
88. The Board may act and pass or adopt resolutions notwithstanding any vacancy in its number.
89. The Board shall elect a Chairman of the Board and determine the period for which he/she is to hold office. The Chairman of the Board shall be elected by and among the Directors by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board at which two-thirds or more of the number of Directors in office as at the date of the meeting are present. The Chairman of the Board shall take the chair at meeting of the Board, however if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting. The Chairman of the Board may be removed by a majority vote of more than

two-thirds of the attending Directors at a meeting of the Board at which two-thirds or more of the number of Directors in office as at the date of the meeting are present, PROVIDED that the Chairman being so removed by the Board shall remain as a Director of the Company notwithstanding his/her removal as Chairman of the Board.

90. A Director who has direct or indirect interest in the matter proposed at the meeting of the Board (including but not limited to interested in a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company) shall declare the important nature of such interest at such meeting. A Director who has a direct or indirect interest in a Merger, Consolidation and Acquisition transaction shall declare his interest to the Board and the Members at any general meeting the material interest in the transaction proposed to be considered and the reason he votes for or against such resolution. In the event that a Director shall declare his interest to the Members at the general meeting, the Company shall specify the key nature of such Director's interest and the reason such Director votes for or against the resolution in the notice convening the general meeting; the aforementioned contents may be posted on the website designated by the competent securities authority of R.O.C. or on the website of the Company, if the addresses of such websites have already been mentioned in the notice convening the general meeting. Where the spouse, a blood relative within the second degree of kinship of a Director, or any company controlling or is controlled by a Director has interests in the matters proposed at the meeting of the Board, such Director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in the matter. A Director who has a personal interest in the matter under discussion at a meeting of the Board, which conflicts with and may harm the interests of the Company, shall neither vote nor exercise voting rights on behalf of another Director at the relevant meeting for such matter; the votes cast by such Director who is prohibited from voting or exercising any voting right as prescribed above shall not be counted in the number of votes of Directors present for such matter where personal interest exists, HOWEVER, such interested Director may be counted towards the quorum of the meeting.
91. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of the Board as they think fit; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations and directions that may be imposed on it by the Board.
92. A committee of the Board may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Any resolution put to the vote at any committee meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in the case of an equality of votes the resolution shall fail. The meetings and proceedings of any committee shall be governed by the provisions contained in these Articles for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board to the extent that the same are applicable and are not superseded by any regulations or directions imposed by the Board under the last preceding Article.
93. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or of a committee of Board shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any Director, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and qualified to be a Director as the case may be.
94. Members of the Board or of any committee thereof may participate in a meeting of the Board or of such committee by means of Communication Facilities, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

DUTY OF THE BOARD TO ADVISE IN A TENDER OFFER

95. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall, within fifteen (15) days after receipt by the Company or by its litigation and non-litigation agent appointed pursuant to Applicable Public Company Rules of copies of (i) a tender offer application to purchase Shares, (ii) a tender offer prospectus, and (iii) relevant documents, resolve to recommend to the Members whether to accept or to reject the tender offer and make a public announcement of the following in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules:

- (a) the type and number of Shares held by the Directors and each Member holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares in their own names or in the names of other persons;
- (b) the Board shall made the recommendation regarding the identity and financial status of the tender offeror, the fairness assessment to the terms and conditions provided by the tender offeror and the reasonableness of the funding resources supporting the acquisition to the Members on such tender offer, setting forth the Directors' specific opinions of agree or disagree to such tender offer and the reason(s) thereunder;
- (c) whether or not there are any material changes to the financial condition of the Company after the publication of the latest financial report and an explanation of the change(s) (if any); and
- (d) the type, number and amount of the shares in the tender offeror (if the tender offeror is a company or corporation) or its affiliates held by the Directors and the Members holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued Shares in their own names or in the name of other persons.

So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall comply with the then Applicable Public Company Rules in respect of a tender offer.

VACATION OF OFFICE OF DIRECTOR AND DISQUALIFICATION OF A DIRECTOR

96. A person shall not be elected as a Director or be vacated from his/her office, where applicable, in the event of any of the following:
- (a) if he/she resigns his/her office by notice in writing to the Company;
 - (b) if he/she is removed from office in accordance with these Articles;
 - (c) if he/she dies, becomes bankrupt (or in the process of liquidation) and his/her credit has not been restored;
 - (d) if an order is made by any competent court or official on the grounds that he/she is or will be suffering from lunacy, mental disorder, adjudicated of the commencement of assistantship and such assistantship having not been revoked yet, or is otherwise incapable of managing his/her affairs or his/her legal capacity is restricted according to the applicable laws;
 - (e) if he/she has committed an offence as specified in the ROC statute of prevention of organizational crimes or similar legislations in other jurisdictions, or subsequently is adjudicated guilty by a final judgment, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or five (5) years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
 - (f) if he/she has committed an offence involving fraud, breach of trust or misappropriation, or subsequently sentenced to imprisonment for a term of more than one (1) year in any jurisdiction, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or two (2) years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon;
 - (g) if he/she has been adjudicated guilty by a final judgment for committing an offence as specified in the Anti-Corruption Act of ROC or involving misappropriating public funds during the time of his/her public service, and has not started serving the sentence, has not completed serving the sentence, or two (2) years have not elapsed since completion of serving the sentence, expiration of the probation, or pardon ; or

- (h) if he/she has been blacklisted by the Taiwan Clearing House due to default on negotiable instruments, and the term of such sanction has not expired yet.

Where any of the events described in this Article 96 (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) applies to or occurs in relation to a candidate for the office of Director, such candidate shall immediately be disqualified and ceases to be eligible to be considered for election to the office of Director. Where a Director who is also the chairman of the Board is removed from office as Director or his office as Director is vacated pursuant to this Article 96, the office of chairman of the Board shall also be automatically vacated.

SEAL AND AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

97. (a) The Company may, if the Board so determine, have a Seal in such form as determined by the Board, which Seal shall, subject to paragraph (c) hereof, only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board and every instrument to which the Seal has been affixed shall be signed by a person who shall be either a Director or the Secretary or such other person authorised for this purpose by the Board or a committee of the Board.
- (b) The Board may adopt for use in any place or places outside the Cayman Islands a duplicate Seal or Seals each of which shall be a facsimile of the common seal of the Company and, if the Board so determine, with the addition on its face of the name of every place where it is to be used.
- (c) Any Director or the Secretary or other person appointed by the Board for the purpose may authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed by the Company or the Board or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and if any books, records, documents or accounts are kept elsewhere than at the Registered Office or the head office of the Company, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person so appointed by the Board. Subject to Cayman Islands law, a document purporting to be a document so authenticated or a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Board or any local board or committee, or of any books, records, documents or accounts or extracts therefrom as aforesaid, and which is certified as aforesaid, shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting or, as the case may be, that the copies of such books, records, documents or accounts were true copies of their originals or as the case may be, the extracts of such books, records, documents or accounts are true and accurate records of the books, records, documents or accounts from which they were extracted.

OFFICERS

98. (a) The Board may from time to time appoint officers and/or managers as the Board considers necessary, for such term, at such remuneration, to perform such duties, subject to such other conditions or restrictions or to such provisions as to disqualification and removal as the Board from time to time prescribe. Subject to Cayman Islands law, Article 80 (b) and (c) shall be applied mutatis mutandis to an officer's duties and liabilities to the Company and other third parties.
- (b) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Company shall maintain a litigation and non-litigation agent appointed by the Board by way of a resolution passed by a simple majority of the Directors at a duly convened meeting of the Board with

the necessary quorum, and shall report the appointment of the litigation and non-litigation agent or any change thereof to the FSC in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules. The litigation and non-litigation agent shall have residence within the ROC and shall be the responsible person of the Company within the ROC (as such term is defined under the Securities and Exchange Act of the ROC). For the avoidance of doubt, the litigation and non-litigation agent shall not be an Officer of the Company.

DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND RESERVE

99. (a) Subject to the Statute, these Articles and any direction of the Company in general meetings, the Company, upon the recommendation by the Board, may by way of an Ordinary Resolution, from time to time declare dividends and distributions to Members and authorise payment of the same out of the funds of the Company lawfully available therefor.
- (b) Subject to Cayman Islands law and any rights at the time being attached to any Shares, if dividends or distributions are to be declared on a Class of Shares such dividends or distributions shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the Shares of such Class issued on the record date for such dividend or distribution as determined in accordance with these Articles.
100. The Board may, before making a recommendation to the Company in respect of dividends or distributions, set aside such sums as it thinks proper as a reserve or reserves which shall at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose of the Company and pending such application may, at the like discretion, be employed in the business of the Company.
101. No dividend or distribution shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company or from any reserve set aside from profits, or out of the share premium account of the Company, or as otherwise permitted by the Statute.
102. (a) So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, where there is an Annual Profit (i.e. the amount of income before income tax before distributing employees' and Directors' compensation of a current year, the "Annual Profit"), the Company shall set aside the following amounts as Directors and/or employees' compensation, provided that there is accumulated losses, the Company shall first reserve the losses covering amounts:
- (i) Collectively, Directors are entitled to receive year-end compensation of not more than three percent (3%) of the Annual Profit, and such compensation payment shall only be paid in cash; and
- (ii) Employees of the Company and the Subsidiaries of the Company collectively are entitled to receive year-end compensation no less than one percent (1%) of the Annual Profit, which may be payable in cash, fully paid-up Shares, or any combination of both.
- (b) Where based on the Company's final accounts in respect of a current year, so long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, there is profits, subject to Cayman Islands law, such profits would be distributable only after (i) paying applicable taxes, (ii) covering accumulated losses, (iii) setting aside a sum ten percent (10%) of the profits for the current year for any capital reserve pursuant to the Applicable Public Company Rules, unless the accumulated amount of such reserve equals to the total paid-up capital of the Company ("Legal Reserve") and (iv) setting aside a sum for an additional special reserve in compliance with the requirements promulgated by applicable ROC authorities (including, but not limited to, the FSC or any applicable ROC Securities Exchange). The balance of such profits remaining after all the foregoing deduction shall hereinafter be referred to as the "**Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year.**" Dividends may be declared and paid out of the Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year and any undistributed retained profit accrued from prior years (together, the "**Accumulated Distributable Net Profit**").

- (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, as the Company continues to grow, the need for capital expenditure, business expansion and a sound financial planning for sustainable development increases, it is the Company's dividends policy that the dividends may be allocated in the form of cash dividends and/or bonus shares according to the Company's future expenditure budgets and funding needs. When the Board elects to recommend to the Company to declare and pay dividends to Members and/or from the Accumulated Distributable Net Profit, the Board shall prepare a plan of allocation and distribution of dividends and submit such plan to the Members for approval by way of an Ordinary Resolution at a general meeting subject to the following requirements:
- (i) The Accumulated Distributable Net Profit is available for distribution to the Members as cash or bonus shares to be issued to the Members. The total dividends as proposed for declaration in such plan shall not be less than ten percent (10%) of the Distributable Net Profit of the Current Year.
- (d) No unpaid dividend, distribution or other monies payable by the Company shall bear interest against the Company.
103. Any dividend, distribution, interest or other monies payable in cash to the holder of Shares may be paid by way of telegraphic transfer or electronic transfer or remittance or direct crediting to the bank account of such holder of Shares as he/she/it may designate and notify the Company, or cheque or warrant sent through the post addressed to the holder at his/her/its registered address, or, in the case of joint holders, to the holder who is first named in the Register of Members or to such person and to such address as such holder or joint holders may in writing direct, at the risk of the person entitled to such dividend, distribution, interest or other monies. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable or property distributable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Anyone of two or more joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonuses, or other monies payable in respect of the Share held by them as joint holders. Payment of the cheque or warrant by the bank on which it is drawn shall constitute good discharge to the Company notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen or than any endorsement thereon has been forged.
104. (a) Subject to Article 34, whenever the Company in general meeting has resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Company may upon the recommendation of the Board, further resolve by way of a Supermajority Resolution that such dividend be satisfied in part in the form of an allotment and issue of new Shares credited as fully paid without offering any right to Members to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment, provided that not less than ten percent (10%) of the total dividend shall be satisfied by the payment of cash. In such case, the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board, and the Board shall prepare a plan of declaration of dividends and/or distribution and such plan shall be submitted to the Members for approval at a general meeting by Supermajority Resolution.
- (b) The Board may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Article with full power to the Board to make such provisions as it thinks fit in the case of Shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned), and no Members who will be affected thereby shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate Class of Members by reason only of the exercise of this power. The Board may authorise any person to enter into on behalf of all Members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (c) The Board may on any occasion determine that the allotment of Shares under paragraph (a) of this Article shall not be made available or made to any Members with registered

addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of Shares would or might be unlawful or impracticable or the legality or practicability of which may be time consuming or expensive to ascertain whether in absolute terms or in relation to the value of the holding of Shares of the Members concerned, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination and no Member who may be affected by any such determination shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate Class of Members for any purposes whatsoever.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

105. The Board may establish a committee of the Board known as the "Remuneration Committee" in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules, including the *Regulations Governing Establishment and Operation of Remuneration Committees of Companies Listed in Taiwan Stock Exchange and the GreTai Securities Market*. So long as the Shares are listed on any ROC Securities Exchange, the Board shall adopt regulations governing the operation of the Remuneration Committee in accordance with the Applicable Public Company Rules.

CAPITALISATION

106. (a) Subject to the Statute, Applicable Public Company Rules and these Articles, the Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by way of a Supermajority Resolution in a general meeting authorise the Board to capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts which are available for distribution (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve defined in the Statute) or any distributable profits not required for the payment or provision of dividend on any Shares with preferential right to dividends, by appropriating such sum to Members on the Register of Members at the close of business on the date of the relevant resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as provided therein) in the proportions in which such sum would have been divisible amongst them had the same been a distribution of profits by way of dividend and to apply such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Shares for allotment and distribution, credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Members in the proportion aforesaid.
- (b) Subject to the Statute, whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the reserves or profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and attend to all allotments and issuance of fully paid Shares and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Article, the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to any distribution under this Article as it thinks fit, and in particular may disregard fractional entitlements altogether or round the same up or down and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members in lieu of fractional entitlements or that fractions of such value as the Board may determine may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties or that fractional entitlements shall be aggregated and sold and the benefit shall accrue to the Company rather than to the Members concerned, and no Members who are affected thereby shall be deemed to be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate class of Members by reason only of the exercise of this power. The Board may authorise any person to enter on behalf of the persons entitled to participate in the distribution any agreement with the Company necessary or desirable for giving effect thereto and such appointment and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding upon all concerned.
- (c) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any such agreement may provide for the acceptance by such persons of the Shares to be allotted, issued and distributed to them respectively in satisfaction of their claims in respect of the sum so capitalised. The Board may on any occasion determine that the allotment of Shares under this Article shall not be made available or made to any Members with registered addresses in any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of Shares would or might be unlawful or impracticable or the legality or practicability of which

may be time consuming or expensive to ascertain whether in absolute terms or in relation to the value of the holding of Shares of the Member concerned, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination and no Member who may be affected by any such determination shall be, and they shall be deemed not to be, a separate class of Members for any purposes whatsoever.

BOOKS OF ACCOUNT AND RECORDS OF THE COMPANY

107. The Board shall cause proper books of account to be kept with respect to all transactions of the Company and in particular with respect to:
- (i) all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt or expenditure takes place;
 - (ii) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company;
 - (iii) the assets and liabilities of the Company; and
 - (iv) all other matters required by Statute and which are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to show and explain its transactions.
108. (a) Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept with respect to the matters referred to in Article 107 if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs and to explain its transactions.
- (b) The instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and information in electronic media prepared in accordance with these Articles and relevant rules and regulations shall be kept for at least six (6) years. However, if a Member institutes a lawsuit with respect to such instruments of proxy, documents, forms/statements and/or information mentioned herein, they shall be kept until the conclusion of the litigation if longer than six (6) years.

NOTICES

109. Notices shall be in writing and may be given by the Company to any Member either personally or by sending it by post, cable, telex or facsimile or by electronic means (including electronic mail) to him/her/it or to his/her/its address as shown in the Register of Members, such notice, if mailed, to be sent by airmail if the address be outside Taiwan.
110. (a) Where a notice is sent by post or airmail, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a letter containing the notice, and shall be deemed to have been effected on the expiration of sixty (60) hours after the letter containing the same is posted as aforesaid.
- (b) Where a notice is sent by cable, telex, facsimile or electronic means to such number or address supplied by the Member to the Company for giving of notice to him/her/it, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected on the day the same is sent as aforesaid.
111. A notice may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a Share by giving the notice to the joint holder first named in the Register of Members in respect of the Share.
112. Any notice or document delivered or sent in accordance with these Articles shall, notwithstanding that such Member is then deceased, bankrupt or wound up and whether or not the Company has notice of his death, bankruptcy or winding up, be deemed to have duly served or delivered in respect of any Shares registered in the name of such Member whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such Member, (unless his name shall at the time of service or delivery of the notice or document have been removed from the Register of Members as the holder of the Shares), and such service or delivery shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his personal representatives and

all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in any such Shares.

113. A notice may be given by the Company to the person or persons which the Company has been advised are entitled to a Share or Shares in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member by sending it through the post as aforesaid in a pre-paid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt, or by any like description at the address supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or at the option of the Company by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.
114. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any authorized manner aforementioned to:
- (a) every person shown as a Member in the Register of Members as of the record date for such general meeting except that in the case of joint holders, the notice shall be sufficient if given to the joint holder first named in the Register of Members; and
 - (b) every person upon whom the ownership of a Share devolves by reason of his/her/it being a legal personal representative or a trustee in bankruptcy of a Member of record where the Member of record but for his/her death or his/her/its bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting.

Apart from the persons contemplated by paragraphs (a) and (b) above of this Article and apart from Directors and Independent Directors, no other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings unless the Board determines otherwise in its sole discretion.

WINDING UP

115. If the Company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Statute, divide amongst the Members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and may for such purpose set such value as he/she deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members within the same Class or different Classes of Members. The liquidator may with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any Shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.
116. Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to the distribution of available surplus assets on liquidation for the time being attached to any Class or Classes of Shares, (i) if the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of the winding up on the Shares held by them respectively, and (ii) if the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution amongst the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed *pari passu* amongst such Members in proportion to the amount paid up on the Shares held by them respectively.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

117. The Board shall establish a committee of Board known as the "Audit Committee". The Audit Committee shall comprise solely of Independent Directors and the number of committee members shall not be less than three (3). One of the Audit Committee members shall be appointed and designated as the convener to convene meetings of the Audit Committee from time to time and at least one (1) of the Audit Committee members shall have accounting or

financial expertise. A valid resolution of the Audit Committee requires approval of one-half or more of all its members.

118. Any of the following matters relating to the Company shall require the consent of one-half or more of all Audit Committee members by way of resolution and be submitted to the Board for approval:
- (a) adoption of or amendment to an internal control system;
 - (b) assessment of the effectiveness of the internal control system;
 - (c) adoption of or amendment to the handling procedures for financial or operational actions of material significance, such as acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees for others;
 - (d) any matter relating to the personal interest of the Directors;
 - (e) a transaction relating to a material asset of the Company or derivatives transaction;
 - (f) a material monetary loan, endorsement, or provision of guarantee;
 - (g) the offering, issuance, or private placement of any equity securities;
 - (h) the hiring or dismissal of an attesting certified public accountant, or the compensation given thereto;
 - (i) the appointment or discharge of a financial, accounting, or internal audit officer;
 - (j) approval of annual and semi-annual financial reports; and
 - (k) any other matter so determined by the Company from time to time or required by any competent authority overseeing the Company.

With the exception of item (j), any other matter that has not been approved by one-half or more of all Audit Committee members may be undertaken upon the consent of two-thirds or more of the members of the Board by way of resolution at the Board meeting, and any resolution of the Audit Committee passed in respect of such matter shall be tabled at the Board meeting.

119. (a) The Company shall, before putting a resolution for a proposed Merger, Consolidation or Acquisition for voting at a Board meeting, have its Audit Committee evaluate the fairness and reasonableness of the proposed Merger, Consolidation or Acquisition. The Audit Committee shall submit an evaluation report to the Board meeting and if the general meeting is required pursuant to applicable Statute, to the general meeting.
- (b) The Audit Committee shall appoint an independent expert to provide opinion on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio or distribution of cash or other assets.
- (c) The evaluation report of the Audit Committee and the opinion of the independent expert shall be delivered to Members together with the general meeting notice. In case a resolution adopted by the general meeting is not required pursuant to the Statute, a report on matters of Merger, Consolidation or Acquisition shall be submitted at the next general meeting.
- (d) The documents required to be delivered to Members as provided in the preceding paragraph shall be deemed to have been delivered to Members if the content of such documents has been posted on the website designated by the competent securities authority of R.O.C. and have been made available at the venue of the general meeting.
120. Each member of the Audit Committee shall supervise the execution of business operations of the Company, and may from time to time inspect the business and financial conditions of the Company, examine, transcribe or make copies of the books and documents relating to the Company, and request the Board or any officer to make reports in respect of the Company's affairs.

121. When performing its aforementioned duties, the Audit Committee or any of its member may appoint an attorney or a certified public accountant to conduct the auditing on its behalf.
122. The qualifications, composition, appointment, removal, exercise of power in performing duties and other matters with respect to the Audit Committee, shall comply with the Applicable Public Company Rules
123. In case the Board or any Director commits any act and any member of the Audit Committee becomes aware of such act, when carrying out the business operations of the Company, in a manner violating the applicable laws and/or regulations, these Articles, or any resolution passed at a general meeting, a member of the Audit Committee shall immediately demand that the Board or the violating Director, as the case may be, cease such act.
124. Member(s) continuously holding one percent (1%) or more of the total issued Shares for at least six (6) months may request the Audit Committee in writing to institute, on behalf of the Company, a court action against a Director. Subject to all applicable law, in case the Audit Committee fails to institute such action within thirty (30) days after having received the aforementioned request, then the Members filing the said request in accordance with this Article may institute the action on behalf of the Company in any court with competent jurisdiction, and the Taipei District Court, ROC may be the court of the first instance for this action.

INDEMNITY

125. (a) The Directors and officers for the time being of the Company and any trustee for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and their executors and administrators respectively (each of which persons being referred to in this Article as an “**indemnified person**”) shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, and no such indemnified party shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity or for the solvency or honesty of any banker or other persons with whom any monies or effects belonging to the Company may be lodged or deposited for safe custody or for any insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any monies of or belonging to the Company may be placed out on or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen or arise in the execution of their respective offices or trust, or in or about thereto, PROVIDED THAT this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud, dishonesty, recklessness, willful neglect or default which may attach to any of the said persons.
- (b) The Company may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any Director or officer of the Company against any liability incurred by him/her/it in his/her/its capacity as a Director or officer of the Company or indemnifying such Director or officer in respect of any loss arising or liability attaching to him/her/it by virtue of any rule of law in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which the Director or officer may be guilty in relation to the Company or any subsidiary thereof.

FISCAL YEAR

126. Unless the Board otherwise determines, the fiscal year of the Company shall end on 31st December of each year and following the year of incorporation, the fiscal year shall begin on 1st January of each year.

[Appendix II]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Rules of Procedure for Shareholder Meetings

I. Purpose

This set of rules is instituted for the governance of the Shareholders Meeting, vitalization of supervisory function, and reinforcement of the management mechanism.

II. Scope

This set of rules is applicable to the convention of the Shareholders Meeting.

III. Authority and Responsibility

The Financial Department shall be responsible for the administrative affairs, the convention, and parliamentary procedure of the Shareholders Meeting.

IV. Definitions

N/A

V. the Content

5.1 This set of rules is instituted in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company and other applicable laws for the governance of the Shareholders Meeting, vitalization of supervisory function, and reinforcement of the management mechanism.

5.2 This set of rules shall govern the parliamentary procedure of the Shareholders Meeting unless the law and the Articles of Incorporation of the Company provides otherwise.

5.3 The Board shall call for the sessions of the Shareholders Meeting unless the Articles of Incorporation of the Company or the law provides otherwise.

Unless otherwise provided for in the stock handling guidelines of a publicly issued company, a video meeting of the shareholders' meeting shall be set forth in the articles of association and shall be decided by the board of directors, and the video meeting shall be decided by the board of directors with more than two-thirds of the directors present and with the consent of more than half of the directors present.

Changes to how the Company convenes its Shareholders' Meeting shall be resolved by the board of directors and shall be made no later than mailing of the Shareholders' Meeting notice.

5.4. The Company shall prepare an electronic version of the notice for the meeting of shareholders and the proxy form, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) 30 days before the date of the annual general meeting of shareholders (AGM) or 15 days before the date of a provisional meeting of shareholders. The Company shall prepare an electronic version of the handbook and supplemental meeting materials for the shareholders meeting and upload them to MOPS 21 days before the date of the AGM or 15 days before the date of a provisional meeting of the shareholders .However, if the Company has the paid-in capital of NT\$10 billion or more as of the last day of the most

current fiscal year, or total shareholding of foreign shareholders and PRC shareholders reaches 30% or more, as recorded in the register of shareholders of the Shareholders' Meeting held in the immediate preceding year, transmission of these electronic files shall be made by 30 days before the regular Shareholders' Meeting. In addition, 15 days before the date of the shareholders meeting, the Company shall prepare the handbook for the meeting and supplemental meeting materials and make them available for review by shareholders at all times. The meeting handbook and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at the Company and the professional shareholder services agent designated thereby as well for distribution on-site at the meeting place.

The Company shall make the meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials in the preceding paragraph available to shareholders for review in the following manner on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting:

1. For physical Shareholders' Meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting.
 2. For hybrid Shareholders' Meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting and shared the virtual meeting platform.
 3. For virtual-only Shareholders' Meetings, and shared on the virtual meeting platform
- 5.5 The reasons for the meeting shall be inscribed in the aforementioned notice and announcement, and may be delivered to the addressees via electronic means at their consent.
- 5.6 Election or dismissal of directors or supervisors, change of articles of association, capital reduction, application to cease public listing, a non-competition waiver for directors, capitalization of profits, capitalization of the reserve, company dissolution, merger, split, or any matter listed under the first paragraph, Article 185 of the Company Act, Articles 26-1 and 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Articles 56-1 and 60-2 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers of the Republic of China shall be listed in the agenda, including the main points. Such matters shall not be proposed in the form of motions.
- If the “re-election of the complete board of directors” is listed as the purpose of a meeting of shareholders, and the inauguration date is stated, after the completion of the board of directors, the inauguration date shall not be changed by a motion or other means in the same shareholders meeting..
- 5.7 Any shareholder holding 1% or more of the total outstanding shares may make a proposal for submission to the general shareholders' meeting. No more than one proposal shall be made and any proposal in excess of one proposal shall not be included in the agenda. Shareholders may propose recommendations to urge the company's promotion of public interest or due performance of social responsibilities. The procedure shall be in accordance with applicable provisions of Article 172-1 of the Company Act and there shall be no more than one proposal. Any proposal in excess of one proposal shall not be included in the agenda. In addition, the board of directors may not list in the handbook for discussion a proposal under any one of the circumstances specified in paragraph 4, Article 172-1, Company Act of the Republic of China.

- 5.8 Prior to the final date of stock transfer before an AGM is held, the Company shall announce the place and period of proposal acceptance and the method of acceptance of written or electronic proposals must be a minimum of 10 days.
- 5.9 Each proposal submitted by shareholders shall not exceed 300 words. Proposals longer than 300 words will not be listed in the handbook for discussion. Shareholders making proposals shall be present in person or represented by a proxy at the general shareholders meeting and take part in proposal discussion.
- 5.10 The Company shall notify the shareholders on the processing of the motions being proposed before the meeting date, and put the motions qualified for discussion on the meeting notice.
The Board shall explain why the motions of the shareholders that cannot be put on the agenda of the regular session.
- 5.11 Shareholders may appoint proxies to attend any session of the Shareholders Meeting by using the power of attorney prepared by the Company.
- 5.12 One shareholder may appoint one proxy only with the use of the power of attorney, and shall deliver the power of attorney to the Company 5 days prior to the meeting date.
If there are two identical power of attorney delivered to the Company, the first one will be honored.
However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous proxy arrangement.
- 5.13 After a proxy form is delivered to the Company, if a shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise its voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is delivered after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.
If, after a proxy form is delivered to the Company, a shareholder wishes to attend the Shareholders' Meeting online, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.
- 5.14 The session of the Shareholders Meeting shall be held inside the Republic of China at a location convenient for the shareholders in transportation. The time for the Shareholders Meeting should preferably be started on 9:00am and ended by 3:00pm. The opinions of the Independent Directors shall be fully considered in setting the time and place of the meeting.
The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when the Company convenes a virtual-only Shareholders' Meeting.
- 5.15 In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, shareholders wishing to attend the meeting online shall register with the Company two days before the meeting date.
In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall upload the meeting agenda book, annual report and other meeting materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the

end of the meeting.

To convene a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall include the following particulars in the Shareholders' Meeting notice:

1. How shareholders can attend the virtual meeting and exercise their rights.
2. Actions to be taken if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, at least covering the following particulars:
 - (1) To what time the meeting is postponed or from what time the meeting will resume if the above obstruction continues and cannot be removed, and the date to which the meeting is postponed or on which the meeting will resume.
 - (2) Shareholders who have not registered to attend the affected virtual Shareholders' Meeting shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.
 - (3) In case of a hybrid Shareholders' Meeting, when the virtual meeting cannot be continued, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual Shareholders' Meeting online, meets the minimum legal requirement for a Shareholders' Meeting, then the Shareholders' Meeting shall continue.

The shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the meeting, and the shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be deemed as abstaining from voting on all proposals on the meeting agenda of that Shareholders' Meeting.
 - (4) Actions to be taken if the outcome of all proposals has been announced and an extraordinary motion has not been carried out.
3. To convene a virtual-only Shareholders' Meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders facing difficulties in attending a virtual Shareholders' Meeting online shall be specified. Except for the circumstances stipulated in Item 6 of Article 44 of 9 of the stock Handling Guidelines of a publicly issued stock company, at least the connecting equipment and necessary assistance shall be provided to the shareholders, and the period during which the shareholders may apply to the Company and other relevant matters needing attention shall be specified.
- 5.16 The Company shall specify in its Shareholders' Meeting notices the time during which attendance registrations for shareholders, solicitors and proxies (hereinafter collectively referred to as "shareholders") will be accepted, the place to register for attendance and other matters that require attention.

The Company shall allow for at least 30 minutes for the shareholders to complete the registration procedure, and post clearly the location of registration with appointment of sufficient manpower to receive the shareholders; For virtual Shareholders' Meetings, shareholders may begin to register on the virtual meeting platform 30 minutes before the meeting starts. Shareholders completing registration will be deemed as attending the Shareholders' Meeting in person.

The Company shall prepare a sign-in registry book for the shareholders and the proxies (hereinafter collectively known as “shareholders”) to sign in for the meeting.

Shareholders may also present the sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

- 5.17 The Company shall release the Annual General Meeting Handbook, the annual report, the attendance pass, the speech memo, ballot, and other meeting materials to the shareholders attending the meeting. If an election of Directors is also held, deliver the ballot for voting in the election should also be released to the shareholders.
- 5.18 Shareholders shall attend the shareholders meeting with an admission pass, check-in pass, or other admission documents. Under no circumstances shall the Company arbitrarily add requirements for other documents granting admission to a shareholders meeting. Those recruiting proxy forms shall also bring their identity cards for verification.
- 5.19 If the shareholder is a government agency or institution, more than one representative could be appointed to the meeting. The number of legal person entrusted to attend the shareholders’ meeting is limited to one person.
- 5.20 If a shareholders meeting is convened by the board of directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairperson of the board. If the chairperson of the board is on leave or unable to exercise the powers of a chairperson for whatever reasons, the vice chairperson shall chair the meeting on its behalf. If there is no vice chairperson or the vice chairperson is on leave or unable to exercise the powers of a chairperson for whatever reasons, the chairperson shall appoint a managing director, or a director if there is no managing director to represent it. If no representative is appointed by the chairperson, the managing director or directors may elect one of them to chair the meeting. When a managing director or director is assigned to chair a shareholders meeting, this managing director or director must have worked at the Company for a minimum of six months and must understand the financial status of the Company. The same requirements shall apply to representatives of institutional directors.
- 5.21 A shareholders meeting convened by the board of directors is advised to be hosted by a chairperson of the board in person and attended in person by over one half of all directors of the board and by at least one member of each functional committee. Their attendances shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.
- 5.22 Where a session of the Shareholders Meeting may be called for by a third party entitled to call for such meeting, and such party shall preside over the meeting. If there are 2 or more parties calling for the session, one of them shall be nominated to preside over the session.
- 5.23 The Company may appoint the retained lawyers, CPAs or relate personnel to attend the Shareholders Meeting s observers.
- 5.24 The Company shall maintain full video and audio records of the meeting starting from the check-in and registration, during the meeting, and the election.
The said audiovisual data shall be retained for at least one year. If a lawsuit is filed according to Article 189 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, the said audiovisual data shall be retained until the end of the suit. For virtual Shareholder’s Meetings, the Company shall keep records of shareholder registration, sign-in, check-in,

questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by the Company, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the virtual meeting, from beginning to end.

The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be properly kept by the Company during the entirety of its existence and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to, and kept by the party appointed to handle matters of the virtual meeting.

In case of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, the Company is advised to audio and video record the back-end operation interface of the virtual meeting platform.

5.25 The attendance of the shareholders' meeting shall be based on the shares. The number of shares present is calculated based on the number of shares registered in the signature book or signed card and the video conference platform, plus the number of shares exercising the right to vote in writing or electronically.

5.26 The Chairman shall immediately announce the time of the meeting and at the same time announce the number of votes not voted and the number of shares present.

However, if the shareholders present represents less than the majority of total outstanding shares, the chairman may announce an adjournment of the meeting. There shall be no more than 2 adjournments. The total time of adjournment shall not exceed one hour.

After two adjournments, if the shareholders present represent less than 1/3 of total outstanding shares, the chairman shall announce a failure of the meeting; In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall also declare the meeting adjourned at the virtual meeting platform.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements mentioned in the preceding paragraph, but the number of shares represented by shareholders in attendance accounts for a third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted in accordance with paragraph 1, Article 175, the Company Act of the Republic of China. All shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month; In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, shareholders intending to attend the meeting online shall re-register with the Company in accordance with paragraph 1 in Article 5.15.

If the number of shareholders in attendance represent over one half of the total number of issued shares, the chairperson may resubmit the tentative resolution for voting at the shareholders meeting according to Article 174 of the Company Act of the Republic of China.

5.27 The board of directors shall plan the agenda for shareholders meetings it convenes.

Related proposals (including extraordinary motions and revisions of the original proposals) shall be voted on one by one. The meeting shall be proceeded with as planned. Under no circumstances shall the board of directors alter the agenda without the resolution of the shareholders meeting.

5.28 If the convention of Shareholders Meeting is called for other parties entitled to call for the meeting, the aforementioned requirement shall be applicable.

- 5.29 If the agenda set under the preceding 2 paragraphs is still in progress (including the discussion of extemporary motions), the Chairman cannot announce for the adjournment of the session without resolution of the Shareholders Meeting. If the Chairman violated such requirement and announced for the adjournment of the session, other Directors shall assist the shareholders in session to appoint a person to act as the chairman in continuing the session under the due process of law.
- 5.30 A chairperson shall grant ample opportunities for the full explanation and discussion of proposals and amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders. A chairperson may end the discussion and call for a vote of sufficiently discussed proposals, with arrangement of sufficient time for voting.
- 5.31 Before presenting a speech, shareholders shall put down the summary, the shareholder account number (or attendance pass number), and the account title on the speech memo where the Chairman shall set the priority for assigning the floor to the shareholders.
- 5.32 Shareholders who just submitted the speech memo without presenting the speech shall be deemed no presentation of speech. If the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.
- 5.33 Each shareholder may have the floor for expressing opinion on particular motion for no more than twice without the consent of the Chairman and only 5 minutes would be allowed for each instance. The Chairman shall interrupt the shareholder who spent more than the allowable time and goes beyond the scope of the motion.
- 5.34 Shareholders shall not cause interference to any other shareholder who has the floor for expression of opinion unless at the consent of the Chairman or the shareholder on the floor. The Chairman shall stop any action of interference from other shareholders.
- 5.35 Where specific institutional shareholder may appoint 2 or more representatives to the Shareholders Meeting, only one may express opinion on particular motion.
- 5.36 The Chairman shall respond or appoint related personnel to respond to shareholders after expressing their opinions.
- Where a virtual Shareholders' Meeting is convened, shareholders attending the virtual meeting online may raise questions in writing at the virtual meeting platform, from the chair declaring the meeting open until the chair declares the meeting adjourned. No more than two questions for the same proposal may be raised. Each question shall contain no more than 200 words. The regulations in Article 5.31 to 5.35 do not apply.
- As long as questions so raised in accordance with the preceding paragraph are not in violation of the regulations or beyond the scope of a proposal, it is advisable the questions be disclosed to the public at the virtual meeting platform.
- 5.37 The resolutions of the Shareholders Meeting shall be based on the quantity of shares in the balloting.
- 5.38 Some shares held by the shareholders bear no voting right, which will be excluded from balloting as a part of the votes cast.
- 5.39 Shareholders shall recuse from balloting on the motions involving their private interest but causing damage to the interest of the Company. Likewise, these shareholders shall not act

as proxies of other shareholders in balloting.

- 5.40 The quantity of share representing no voting rights should be excluded as an integral part of the quantity of shares represented by the shareholders in session.
- 5.41 Except for a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the trust or securities competent authorities, when a person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by such a proxy shall not exceed three percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares, and the percentage of voting rights exceeding such a limit will not be considered.
- 5.42 Each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each share held, except for restricted shares or non-voting shares under paragraph 2, Article 179 of the Company Act of the Republic of China.
- 5.43 When holding a shareholders meeting, the Company may allow shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, provided that the methods of voting shall be specified in the meeting notice. When exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a shareholder shall be deemed as present in the meeting personally. However, such a shareholder shall be considered as a waiver when voting for extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals. It is therefore advisable that the Company shall avoid extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals at the meeting.
- 5.44 The expression of intent of voting by correspondence or electronic mean shall be delivered to the Company 2 days prior to the meeting date. If there is repeated expression of intent, the first shall be counted. However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous vote.
- 5.45 A shareholder who has exercised his voting right in writing or electronically, if he wishes to attend the meeting in person or by video, shall, two days before the meeting of the shareholders, revoke the aforesaid expression of intention to exercise the voting right in the same manner as the exercise of the voting right; If the cancellation is delayed, the voting right exercised in writing or electronically shall prevail. If the voting right is exercised in writing or electronically and an agent is authorized by proxy to attend the shareholders' meeting, the voting right to be exercised by the entrusted agent shall prevail.
- 5.46 Except as specified in the Company Act and the articles of Incorporation of the Company otherwise, a proposal shall be passed by an affirmative vote of over one half of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. In the process of balloting, the Chairman or the designated person shall announce the total quantity of votes represented by the shareholders in session, and vote for and against each motion one-by-one. The result of balloting shall be announced on the same day after the adjournment of the meeting, including the votes for and against each motion, and enter into the system of MOPS.
- 5.47 (deleted)
- 5.48 If there is amendment to or substitute of particular motion, the Chairman shall combine the amendment or substitute for voting at the same time with the original motion. If one of the proposals is passed, the others shall be considered to have been rejected and further voting is unnecessary.

- 5.49 The Chairman shall appoint the monitors and tally-clerks in the balloting and these persons must be shareholders.
- 5.50 The votes for the balloting or election shall be counted in transparency at the venue of the Shareholders Meeting on the same day, and announce the result on the scene, including the distribution of the votes. The details shall be tracked as minutes of meeting on record.
- When the Company convenes a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, after the chair declares the meeting open, shareholders attending the meeting online shall cast votes on proposals and elections on the virtual meeting platform before the chair announces the voting session ends or will be deemed abstained from voting.
- In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, votes shall be counted once after the chair announces the voting session ends, and results of votes and elections shall be announced immediately.
- When the Company convenes a hybrid Shareholders' Meeting, if shareholders who have registered to attend the meeting online in accordance with paragraph 1 in Article 5.15 decide to attend the physical Shareholders' Meeting in person, they shall revoke their registration two days before the Shareholders' Meeting in the same manner as they registered. If their registration is not revoked within the time limit, they may only attend the Shareholders' Meeting online.
- When shareholders exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, unless they have withdrawn the declaration of intent and attended the Shareholders' Meeting online, except for extraordinary motions, they will not exercise voting rights on the original proposals, make any amendments to the original proposals or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal.
- 5.51 When directors are elected in a shareholders meeting, the election shall take place in accordance with election-related regulations established by the company and the election results shall be announced on the spot, including the list of elected directors and the number of votes received, as well as a list of non-elected directors and the number of votes received.
- 5.52 The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signature of the scrutineers and retained properly for at least one year. If a lawsuit is filed according to Article 189 of the Company Act of the Republic of China, such ballots for the election shall be retained until the end of the suit.
- 5.53 The resolutions of the Shareholders Meeting shall be tracked as minutes of meeting on record, signed or sealed by the Chairman, and release to the shareholders within 20 days after the convention of the Shareholders Meeting. The compilation and distribution of the minutes of meeting on record may be made in electronic mean.
- 5.54 The aforementioned minute of meeting on record may be released by announcement through uploading to MOPS website.
- 5.55 The meeting minutes shall contain the accurate year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the full name of the chairperson, the methods by which resolutions were made, a summary of the deliberations and the voting results (including the weight of statistics), and the number of votes of each candidate for directorial elections, if any. Meeting minutes shall

be retained permanently during the existence of the Company.

Where a virtual Shareholders' meeting is convened, in addition to the particulars to be included in the meeting minutes as described in the preceding paragraph, the start time and end time of the Shareholders' Meeting, how the meeting is convened, the chair's and secretary's name and actions to be taken in the event of disruption to the virtual meeting platform or participation in the meeting online due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events and how issues are dealt with shall also be included in the minutes.

When convening a virtual-only Shareholders' Meeting, other than compliance with the requirements in the preceding paragraph, the Company shall specify in the meeting minutes alternative measures available to shareholders facing difficulties in attending a virtual-only Shareholders' Meeting online.

5.56 (deleted)

5.57 On the day of a Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation, the number of shares represented by proxies and the number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting by correspondence or electronic means and shall make an expressed disclosure of the same at the place of the Shareholders' Meeting. In the event a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall upload the above meeting materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.

During the Company's virtual Shareholders' Meeting, when the meeting is called to order, the total number of shares represented at the meeting shall be disclosed on the virtual meeting platform. The same shall apply whenever the total number of shares represented at the meeting and a new tally of votes is released during the meeting.

5.58 If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under the regulations specified by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Company, the Company shall upload the content of such resolution to MOPS by the required time-limit.

5.59 The service personnel at the Shareholders Meeting shall wear ID or arm badge.

5.60 The Chairman shall command the prefect team or security personnel to keep order of the venue. The prefect team or security personnel shall wear arm badge or ID marked with "Prefect" in keep order of the venue.

5.61 Sound system is equipped at the venue of meeting. The Chairman shall stop shareholders using other amplifying systems for expression of opinion on the floor.

5.62 If specific shareholder acts in violation of the rules of procedure and defies the corrective action of the Chairman that caused interruption to the meeting, the Chairman shall order the prefects or the security personnel to escort this shareholder out of the meeting venue.

5.63 The Chairman may announce for recess in the duration of the meeting. In the event of force majeure, the Chairman may rule to discontinue the session and seek another time to continue depending on the situation.

5.64 If the meeting venue is no longer available while the Shareholders Meeting is still in session

under the agenda (including extemporary motions), the Shareholders Meeting shall determine another place for the continuation of the session.

5.65 Shareholders may postpone or continue the meeting within five days through resolution in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act of the Republic of China.

5.66 In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall disclose real-time results of votes and election immediately after the end of the voting session on the virtual meeting platform according to the regulations and this disclosure shall continue at least 15 minutes after the chair has announced the meeting adjourned .

5.67 When the Company convenes a virtual-only Shareholders' Meeting, both the chair and secretary shall be in the same location in Taiwan, R.O.C, and the chair shall declare the address of their location when the meeting is called to order.

5.68 In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, the Company may offer a simple connection test to shareholders prior to the meeting and provide relevant real-time services before and during the meeting to help resolve communication technical issues. In the event of a virtual Shareholders' Meeting, when declaring the meeting open, the chair shall also declare, unless under a circumstance where a meeting is not required to be postponed to or resumed at another time under Article 44-20, paragraph 4 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events before the chair has announced the meeting adjourned and the obstruction continues for more than 30 minutes, the meeting shall be postponed to or resumed on another date within five days, in which case Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed as described in the preceding paragraph, shareholders who have not registered to participate in the affected Shareholders' Meeting online shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed under the second paragraph, the number of shares represented by and voting rights and election rights exercised by the shareholders who have registered to participate in the affected Shareholders' Meeting and have successfully signed in the meeting, but do not attend the postpone or resumed session, at the affected Shareholders' Meeting, shall be counted towards the total number of shares, number of voting rights and number of election rights represented at the postponed or resumed session.

During a postponed or resumed session of a Shareholders' Meeting held under the second paragraph, no further discussion or resolution is required for proposals for which votes have been cast and counted, and results have been announced, or the list of elected directors and supervisors.

When the Company convenes a hybrid Shareholders' Meeting, and the virtual meeting cannot continue as described in second paragraph, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual Shareholders' Meeting online, still meets the minimum legal requirement for a

shareholder meeting, then the Shareholders' Meeting shall continue, and not postponement or resumption thereof under the second paragraph is required. Under the circumstances where a meeting should continue as in the preceding paragraph, the shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, provided these shareholders shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on the meeting agenda of that Shareholders' Meeting.

When postponing or resuming a meeting according to the second paragraph, the Company shall handle the preparatory work based on the date of the original Shareholders' Meeting in accordance with the requirements listed under Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies. For dates or period set forth under Article 12, second half, and Article 13, paragraph 3 of Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies and Article 44-5, paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, the Company shall handle the matter based on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting that is postponed or resumed under the second paragraph.

5.69 When convening a virtual-only Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders facing difficulties in attending a virtual Shareholders' Meeting online. Except for the circumstances stipulated in Item 6 of Article 44 of 9 of the stock Handling Guidelines of a publicly issued stock company, at least the connecting equipment and necessary assistance shall be provided to the shareholders, and the period during which the shareholders may apply to the Company and other relevant matters needing attention shall be specified.

VI. Implementation and amendment

These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption at the shareholders meeting.

Note: The Rules of Procedure is applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and all subsidiaries.

VII. History and development:

The Rules of Procedure were instituted on: February 24 2015.

First revision made on June 9, 2020.

Second amendment made on July 29, 2021.

Third amendment made on June 15, 2023.

[Appendix III]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation

Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets (Before amendment)

I. Purpose

This Procedure is instituted for the tightening of asset management, protecting investment and ensuring information transparency.

II. Scope

The acquisition or disposal of assets pertinent to 4.1 below shall be governed by this Procedure.

III. Authority and Responsibility

The financial department of the Company is responsible for the institution and amendment of this Procedure in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies”.

IV. Definitions

4.1 The scope of “assets” as referred to in this Procedure shall cover the following:

- (1) Investment in stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, bank debentures, fund certificates, depository receipts, call (put) warrants, certificates of beneficial interest, and asset-backed securities.
- (2) Property (including lands, building and structure, investment property, inventory of the construction industry) and equipment.
- (3) Membership cards.
- (4) Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchises and other intangible assets.
- (5) Right-of-use assets.
- (6) Rights to debts of financial institutions (including receivables, FX buying rate discount, loans, and overdue accounts for collection).
- (7) Derivatives.
- (8) Assets from acquisitions or dispositions through merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares under law.
- (9) Other major assets.

4.2 “Derivatives” as referred to in this Procedure are forwards contracts, option contracts, futures contracts, leverage margin contracts, swap contracts, which values were determined by the designated interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, asset, interest rate, exchange rate, price or fee rate index, credit rating, or credit index or other variables , or other benefit of the underlying assets ,and the composite contracts with combination of the aforementioned instruments, the combination of the aforementioned contracts, or the combination of embedded derivatives or structure products. Forwards contract does not include insurance contracts, performance contracts, warranty contracts, long-term lease contracts , and long-term buy-sell contracts..

4.3 Assets acquired or disposed through merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of shares

from assignment: these are the assets acquired or disposed through corporate merger, spinoff, or acquisition in accordance with the Corporate Merger and Acquisition Act, Financial Holding Company Act, and The Financial Institutions Merger Act, or, the acceptance of shares assigned by a third party company by issuing new shares (hereinafter referred to as “acceptance of shares from assignment”) pursuant to Article 156-3 of the Company Act.

- 4.4 “Related parties” as referred to in this Procedure should be those defined by the Criteria for the Compilation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers.
- 4.5 “Subsidiaries” as referred to in this Procedure should be those defined by the Criteria for the Compilation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers.
- 4.6 “Professional appraisers” as referred to in this Procedure are the real estate appraisers or other appraisal professionals entitled to appraise real estate and property under law.
- 4.7 “Day of occurrence” as referred to in this Procedure are the trade contracts signing day, payment day, trade order execution day, account transfer day, Board resolution day, or any other days on which the counterparty of trade and amount of transaction was determined, whichever comes first. For investment requiring the approval of the competent authority, the aforementioned date or the approval date of the competent authority, whichever comes first.
- 4.8 “Investment in Mainland China” as referred to in this Procedure shall be the investment specified in the Regulations Governing Investment or Technology Joint Venture in Mainland China Area of the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs.
- 4.9 Investment as the profession as referred to in this Procedure: financial holding companies, banks, insurance companies, bill finances companies, trust firms, securities dealers in proprietary trade or underwriting, commission futures merchants, securities investment trusts, securities investment consulting firms, and fund management companies duly established under law and regulated by local competent authority of the financial sector.
- 4.10 Stock exchanges as referred to in this Procedure: domestic stock exchange shall be Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation. Foreign stock exchanges are any organized securities exchange regulated by the competent authority of securities of relevant countries.
- 4.11 Over-the-Counter (OTC) markets as referred to in this Procedure: domestic OTC market shall be Taipei Exchange. Foreign OTC markets are financial institutions regulated by the competent authorities of relevant countries for running securities trade.

V. The Content

- 5.1 The professional appraisers and their appraisal staff, certified public accountants, lawyers or securities underwriter from whom the Company and associates obtained the appraisal reports or professional opinions from the CPA, lawyer, or securities underwriter shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) No violation of this law, the Company Act, Banking Act, Insurance Act, Financial Holding Companies Act, Business Entities Accounting Act, or commission of fraud, breach of trust, criminal conversion, forgery of documents, or business crimes and has been sentenced for

imprisonment of 1 year or more. However, this provision does not apply if 3 years have already passed since completion of service of the sentence, since expiration of the period of a suspended sentence, or since a pardon was received.

- (2) Not a related party or with de facto relation with the counterparty of trade.
- (3) If the Company is required to obtain the appraisal reports from at least 2 professional appraisers, these professional appraisers or their appraisal staff shall not be related party or have de facto relation to one another.

When issuing an appraisal report or opinion, the personnel referred to in the preceding paragraph shall comply with the self-regulatory rules of their respective trade council and the following:

- (1) Take caution in assessment the professional standing, practitioner experience, and independence before taking the case.
- (2) When executing the case, proper design and implement the plan in due procedure for coming up with appropriate conclusion for issuing a report or opinion. The implementation procedure, collection of information, and conclusion shall be tracked as work sheet on file.
- (3) Assess if the sources of information, parameters, and information used are complete, appropriateness and reasonableness, which will be used as the foundation for issuing appraisal report or opinion.
- (4) The declaration shall cover the professional standing and independence of related personnel, the information used in the appraisal is appropriate and reasonable, and in compliance with applicable laws..

5.2 Important Notice:

- (1) If the acquisition or disposal of assets by the Company shall be subject to the approval of the Board under this Procedure or other applicable laws, and if specific Director holds objection on record or in written declaration, circulate related information to each member of the Auditing Committee.
- (2) The Company has established the position of Independent Directors, and considered the opinions of the Independent Directors to its entirety when the motion of acquisition or disposal of assets as mentioned in the preceding paragraph was presented to the Board for discussion. If the Independent Directors have adverse opinions or qualified opinions, keep as minutes of Board Meeting on record.
- (3) The Company has established the Auditing Committee, the transactions of major assets or derivative trade shall be subject to the approval of at least 1/2 of the members of the Auditing Committee and final approval of the Board. If the motion was not passed by more than 1/2 of the members of the Auditing Committee but approved by more than 2/3 of the Directors, specify the resolution of the Auditing Committee into the minutes of Board meeting on record. All members of the Auditing Committee and all Directors are those who are still in office.

5.3 The limit for the acquisition of property not for business use and securities:

- (1) The acquisition of property by the Company not for business use shall not exceed 40% of the net worth in total. The acquisition of property not for business use by the

subsidiaries shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company and respective subsidiaries in total.

- (2) Unless the Shareholders Meeting approved otherwise, the total investment in securities by the Company shall not exceed the net worth of the Company unless the. Likewise, the total investment by the subsidiaries in securities shall not exceed the net worth of the Company and also the net worth of respective subsidiaries.
- (3) Unless the Shareholders Meeting approved otherwise, the total investment of the Company in particular security shall not exceed its net worth. Likewise, the total investment by the subsidiaries in particular security shall not exceed the net worth of the Company and also the net worth of respective subsidiaries.

5.4 Assessment and procedure for the acquisition or disposal of securities:

5.4.1 The method of price determination and references:

In acquiring or disposing securities, the Company shall obtain the audited or reviewed financial statements of the targets of investment covering the most recent period, or other references and financial information pertinent to the target securities as references for the determination of transaction price, and make decision on the transaction price specified below:

- (1) In acquiring or disposing securities from the centralized market or OTC market, determine the price with reference to the current market price.
- (2) T In acquiring or disposing securities outside the centralized market or OTC market, shall be determined on the basis of the earnings per share, profitability, the prospect, market interest rate, coupon rate of bonds, credit standing of the issuers, and the transaction price at the time of trade.

5.4.2 Consult the experts for expression of opinions:

I The acquisition or disposition of securities equivalent to 20% of the paid-in capital of the Company or more than NT\$300 million, consult a certified public accountant (CPA) for opinion of the rationality of the transaction price before the day of transaction. Unless the security has open quotation in an active market, or, the Financial Supervisory Commission regulated otherwise. Assets acquired or disposed through court auction could be supported by the documents issued by the court as the substitute for appraisal report or opinions of the CPA.

The calculation of the aforementioned transaction amount shall be governed by Paragraph 2 of 5.11.1.

5.4.3 Authorized limit and decision latitude:

Gate approval	Authorized limit for each transaction
Chairman of the Board	NT\$60 million or less
Board of Directors	More than NT\$60 million

5.4.4 Executors:

The financial department or related authorities of the Company shall be responsible for the execution of the acquisition and disposal of securities investment.

5.4.5 Transaction process:

The process for the acquisition or disposal of securities shall be governed by the internal control system in the aspect of “Investment Management” and related procedures.

5.5 The assessment and procedure for the acquisition or disposal of property, equity, or the right-of-use assets:

5.5.1 Method for the determination of price and references:

- (1) In the acquisition or disposal of property, the original user or related authorities of the Company shall petition for the transaction with the reason for transaction specified. The asset management function will consult the announced present value, appraised value, the price for transaction of nearby property, the transaction of similar property lately, and proceed to price comparison, bargaining or bid invitation.
- (2) Consult an expert for opinion: in the acquisition or disposal of property, equipment, or right-of-use assets equivalent to 20% of the paid-in capital of the Company or more than NT\$300 million, obtain the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and in conformity to the following requirements except for the transactions with domestic government agencies, commissioning of construction on proprietary lands or leased land, or the acquisition or disposal of business equipment or the right-of-use of the equipment:
 - (2.1) If under special circumstances that limited price, designated price or special price should be consulted for setting the transaction price, the approval of the Board in advance is necessary. The same procedure is applicable to any amendment thereto.
 - (2.2) If the transaction amount exceeds NT\$1,000 million, appoint at least 2 professional appraisers for appraisal.
 - (2.3) Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price.
 - (2.3.1) The appraisal result varied with the transaction price by more than 20%.
 - (2.3.2) The appraisal result from more than 2 professional appraisers varied with the transaction price by more than 10%.
 - (2.4) The date of the appraisal report from the professional appraiser shall not be more than 3 months from the date of entering into agreements. Provided, where the publicly announced current value for the same period is used and not more than 6 months have elapsed, an opinion may still be issued by the original professional appraiser. For acquisition or disposal of assets through court auction, the certification documents issued by court could be used as the

substitute for appraisal report or opinions of the CPA.

The calculation of the aforementioned transaction amount shall be governed by Paragraph 2 of 5.11.1.

5.5.2 Authorized limit and decision latitude

Gate approval	Authorized limit for each transaction
Chairman of the Board	NT\$60 million or less
Board of Directors	More than NT\$60 million

5.5.3: Executor: The executors of the acquisition or disposal of property, equipment, or the right-of-use assets shall be the financial department or related authorities of the Company.

5.6 Assessment and procedure for acquisition or disposal of assets with related parties:

5.6.1 In the acquiring or disposing assets with related parties, the Company shall proceed to 5.4, 5.5, 5.6 and 5.7 of this Procedure and assess if the terms and conditions are justifiable. If the transaction amount is more than 10% of the total assets of the Company, the appraisal report issued by professional appraisers or the opinion of the certified public accounts is required.

The calculation of the aforementioned amount shall be governed by Paragraph 2 in 5.11.1 of this Procedure.

5.6.2 In determining if the counterparty of trade is a related party, consider the de facto relation further to the legal formality.

5.6.3 In the acquisition or disposition of property or the right of use of the property with a related party, or in the acquisition or disposition of other assets beyond property or the right of use of the property with a related party and the transaction amounted to 20% of the paid-in capital of the Company or 10% of the total assets of the Company, or more than NT\$300 million except the trading of domestic government bonds, R/P and reverse R/P bonds, the subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust firms, the Company shall present the following information to the Auditing Committee for consent and the final approval of the Board before proceeding to the signing of the agreement on the transactions and effecting payment.

- (1) The purpose, necessity, and expected benefit from the acquisition or disposal of assets.
- (2) The reason for choosing designated related party as the counterparty of trade.
- (3) Information for assessment and justification of the acquisition or disposal of property or the right-of-use assets in accordance with 5.6.4 and 5.6.5.
- (4) The original date and price, counterparty that the related party acquired the assets and the relation between the counterparty, the Company and the related party.
- (5) The original date and price, counterparty that the related party acquired the assets and the relation between the counterparty, the Company and the related party.
- (6) Obtain the appraisal reports issued by professional appraisers or the opinions of the CPA as specified in 5.6.1.

(7) The restricted condition and other important terms for this transaction. For transactions between the Company and its parent company, subsidiaries, and direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries by shareholding or capital ownership specified below, the Board shall authorize the Chairman to make decision within designated limit in the first place, and report to the nearest session of the Board for ratification:

(1) acquisition or disposal of equipment or assets with rights to use for business purposes.

(2) acquisition or disposal of properties with rights to use for business purposes.

The Company has established the position of Independent Directors and considered the opinions of the Independent Directors to its entirety when the motion was presented to the Board for discussion under the first item of this Procedure. If the Independent Directors have adverse opinions or qualified opinions, keep as minutes of Board Meeting on record. The Company has established the Auditing Committee and the approval of at least 1/2 of the members of the Auditing Committee and final approval of the Board pursuant to the first item of this Procedure shall also be governed by 5.2(3) of this Procedure. Where the Company or its subsidiaries that are not public companies in Taiwan are engaged in the transaction as described in the first clause, and the transaction amount reaches 10% or more of the Company's total assets, the Company shall submit the information listed in the first item to the shareholders' meeting for approval prior to entering into a transaction contract and making a payment. However, this restriction does not apply to transactions between the Company with its parent and subsidiaries, or between subsidiaries. The calculation of the transaction amount of the first and preceding clauses shall be governed by Paragraph 2 in 5.11.1 of this Procedure. One year as referred to shall be the period from the day of transaction moving backing for one year in retrospect. The portion has been presented to the shareholders' meeting and Auditing Committee and the Board under this Procedure with approval could be excluded from the calculation.

5.6.4 The Company shall assess if the cost of transactions is reasonable when acquiring property or the right of use of the property from a related party in accordance with the following methods:

(1) Add necessary cost of capital and the cost to be borne by the buyer in the transactions to the transaction price with the related party. Necessary cost of capital as referred to is based on the weighted average interest rate for financing the Company in the year of asset purchase but shall not be higher than the upper limit of interest rate for lending from non-financial institutions as announced by the Ministry of Finance.

(2) If the related party has pledge the subject of purchase to a financial institution as collateral for loan, it would be the total value appraised by the financial institution

on the subject of purchase for granting the loan. However, the actual drawdown of loan from the financial institution should at least be 70% of the total appraised value of the subject of purchase accumulatively and the loan period is longer than 1 year. However, this shall not apply where the financial institution is a related party of one of the transaction counterparties.

- (3) In the combined purchase or lease of the land and housing of the same subject matter of transaction, the cost of transaction shall be appraised separately on the land and the housing in any of the methods stated in 5.6.4 (1)~(2).
- (4) In acquiring property or the right of use of the property from a related party, the Company shall appraise the cost of the property or the right of use of the property in accordance with 5.6.4 (1)~(3), and consult a certified public accountant for a second review and expression of substantive opinions.
- (5) If any of the following is applicable to the acquisition of property or the right of use of the property from a related party, the Company may just proceed to related appraisal and operation procedure as stated 5.6.3 and 5.6.4, where 5.6.4 (1)~(4) shall not be applicable:
 - (5.1) The related party acquired the property or the right of use of the property through succession or donation.
 - (5.2) The related party entered into agreement for the acquisition of the property or the right of use of the property was longer than 5 years in retrospect from the date of entering into agreement on this transaction.
 - (5.3) The Company entered into agreement with the related party on joint venture of construction, or commissioning of construction on proprietary lands, leased lands, or acquired the property through commissioning of the related party for the construction of the property.²
 - (5.4) The Company and its parent company, subsidiaries, or direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries by equity share or capital investment acquire the right of use of business property from one another.

5.6.5 If the result of appraisal conducted by the Company as stated in 5.6.4 (1) ~ (3) falls below the transaction price, proceed to 5.6.6. Except under the following circumstances supported by objective evidence and professional opinions of the real estate appraisers and certified public accountants to justify the situation:

- (1) If the related party acquired uncultivated land or leased land for construction, proof if any of the following conditions is satisfied:
 - (1.1) Uncultivated lands shall be appraised under the 5.6.4 methods. Buildings shall be appraised on the basis of the construction cost plus reasonable construction profit and the total of which exceeds the actual price of transaction. Reasonable construction profit is based on the average gross margin of the construction segment of the related party in the last 3 years, or the gross margin of the construction industry announced by the Ministry of Finance covering the most recent period, whichever is lower.

- (1.2) Transaction of property in other storey of the same subject premises or premises in the immediate area in relevant size, with a non-related party and justified under the terms and conditions of common practice of property trade or lease as reasonable so far as the storey level or price difference by location is concerned.
- (1.3) Transaction of property in other storey of the same subject premises with a non-related party and justified under the terms and conditions of common practice of property trade or lease as reasonable so far as the storey level is concerned.
- (2) The Company has proved that the property purchased or leased from the related party or the right of use of the property is relevant with the transaction with a non-related party in similar floor size in the immediate area within one year.
- (3) The aforementioned transactions in the immediate area shall be a location at the same or nearby block and is within a perimeter of 500 meters from the subject premises, or approximated the posted present value. Relevant floor size refers to the property transaction with non-related parties with floor size no less than 50% of the subject premises. One year as referred to shall be the period of one year from the day of acquisition or the property or the right of use of the property moving backward for one year in retrospect.

5.6.6 If the appraisal result of the transactions of acquiring property or the right-of-use of the property from a related party under 5.6.4 and 5.6.5 falls below the actual transaction price, proceed to the following:

- (1) Appropriate as special reserve on the difference between the transaction price of property or the right-of-use of the property and the appraised cost. This portion of special reserve cannot be distributed or capitalized for issuing new shares. If the investment of the Company accounted for under the equity method was made with public companies, appropriate for special reserve in proportion to the shareholding of the Company with these companies in accordance with applicable laws.
- (2) The Company has established the Auditing Committee. The requirements of Article 218 of the Company Act shall be applicable to the Independent Directors who are members of the Auditing Committee.
- (3) Report the state of affairs under the preceding 2 paragraphs to the Shareholders Meeting, and disclose the details of the transactions in the annual report and prospectus.

5.6.7 If special reserve has been appropriated in accordance with 5.6.6, the Company may use the reserve only after the assets acquired or leased at a higher price has been recognized for devaluation, or has been disposed, or the lease agreement was terminated, or with appropriate compensation or recovery to its original condition, or is justifiable with proof and at the consent of the competent authority.

5.6.8 If the Company acquires property or the right-of-use of the property from a related

party which indicated by evidence as not in arm's length transaction, proceed to 5.6.6 and 5.6.7.

5.7 The assessment and procedure for the acquisition or disposition of intangible assets or the right-of-use assets or membership cards:

5.7.1 Determination of price and references: collect related information on the prices and compare the price or bargain for the deal in the acquisition or disposal of membership cards. Collect related information on the prices with cautious assessment of applicable laws and the content of the contracts in the acquisition or disposal of intangible assets or the right-of-use of these assets to determine the transaction price.

5.7.2 Appointment of an expert for professional opinions: If the acquisition or disposition of intangible assets or the rights of use of the assets or membership cards by the Company is more than 20% of the paid-in capital or NT\$300 million, consult a certified public accountants for an opinions to determine if the transaction price is reasonable. The calculation of the aforementioned transaction amount shall be governed by Paragraph 2 of 5.11.1. One year as referred to shall be the period from the day of occurrence moving backward for a period of one year in retrospect. The portion already supported by the appraisal reports issued by professional appraisers or the professional opinions of the certified public accountants could be excluded from the calculation.

5.7.3 Authorized limit and decision latitude:

Gate approval	Authorized limit for each transaction
Chairman of the Board	NT\$60 million or less
Board of Directors	More than NT\$60 million

5.7.4 Executor: the executors of the acquisition or disposal of intangible assets or the right-of-use assets or membership cards of the Company shall be the financial department and related authorities of the Company.

5.7.5 Transaction process: The process for the acquisition or disposal of intangible assets or the right-of-use assets or membership cards shall be governed by the internal control system of the Company in the aspect of "Purchase and Payment"..

5.8 Assessment and procedure for the acquisition or disposal of rights of debts of financial institutions: The Company does not engage in the acquisition or disposal of rights of debts of financial institution, and there is the possibility of such engagement in the future, the Company will report to the Board for approval and establish related assessment and operation procedures in advance.

5.9 The assessment and procedure for derivative trade:

5.9.1 The principles and polices of trade:

(1) Type of trade: The Company is mainly engaged in forwards, options, interest rate or FX swap, R/P and reverse R/P bonds in derivative trade. If other derivatives are considered, the approval of more than 1/2 of the members of the Auditing Committee and the final approval of the Board will be required before proceeding to trade.

(2) Operation or hedge strategy: The Company is engaged in derivative trade for purpose of hedging thereby the derivatives chosen aimed at hedging off the operation risk of the Company.

(3) Limit of trade and segregation of duties and authorities:

(3.1) Limit of trade:

(3.1.1) For purpose of hedging: The authorized limit and decision latitude of hedge trade is specified below:

Gate approval	Permission for holding daily position.	Permission for net accumulated trading position
Chairman of the Board	US\$2 million and less	US\$2 million and less
Board of Directors	More than US\$2 million.	More than US\$2 million.

(3.1.2) Derivative trade not for hedging shall be reported to the Board for approval before proceeding.

(3.2) Financial Department: responsible for the shaping of the operation strategy of derivative trade, and proceed to trade under relevant authorization.

(3.3) Accounting Department: responsible for the bookkeeping of derivative trade, compilation of financial statements, and convergence of related data at regular intervals.

(3.4) Audit Department: Understanding of the segregation of duties and authorities, the operation procedure and related internal control system to ensure effectiveness, and the conduct of audit on the dealing department in the aspect of compliance with this Procedure.

(4) Performance evaluation: Proper control and present the pricing risk of the transactions. The Company assesses the income position on a monthly settlement basis.

(5) Contract sum: The contract sum of all derivatives engaged for hedging shall not exceed the amount for actual business needs. The contract sum of all derivatives engaged beyond hedging shall not exceed 10% of the net worth of the Company.

(6) Cut loss limit: after setting up the trading position, set the cut loss point to stop loss. The stop loss point shall not exceed 10% of the trade for particular contract or all contracts. If the position exceeds the cut loss limit, report to the Chairman at once and also the Board to map our necessary solution.

5.9.2 Risk management policies:

(1) Scope of risk management:

(1.1) Credit Risk Management: the counterparties of trade shall be domestic financial institutions in good credit standing and can provide professional information in general. The chief financial officer shall be responsible for the control of the limits of trade with financial institutions. Transactions

should not be over concentrated and should vary with market change for proper adjustment of the trade limits with the financial institutions.

- (1.2) Market risk management: choose the market with full transparency of quotation and other information.
- (1.3) Liquidity risk management: the financial institutions must have sufficient equipment, information and capacity of trade, and can trade in any market for liquidity.
- (1.4) Cash flow risk management: For the stability of the flowing of working capital for the Company, the Company uses only equity capital for derivative trade.
- (1.5) Operation risk management: It is necessary to observe the authorized limits, operation procedures, and other rules and regulations established by the Company to avoid operation risk.
- (1.6) Legal risk management: Any deal between the Company and particular financial institution shall be subject to the review of legal affairs of the Company before entering into agreement to avoid legal risk.
- (2) Personnel responsible for the dealing of derivatives shall not perform the function of confirmation and delivery of trade at the same time, or vice versa.
- (3) The personnel responsible for risk assessment, monitoring and control and the aforementioned personnel shall be in separate functional departments, and shall report to the Board or senior officers who are not responsible for duties respecting the transaction or decision on the holding of position.
- (4) Conduct routine assessment on the position of derivatives held by the Company at regular intervals in accordance with the methods specified in 5.9.6.

5.9.3 Internal Audit System

The internal auditors shall find out if the internal control of derivative trade is appropriate at regular intervals, and examine if the dealing department has complied with the procedure in conducting derivative trade and analyze the transaction cycle monthly, and compile the findings into audit reports. If severe violation was discovered, report to the Independent Directors and Auditing Committee in writing..

5.9.4 The Supervision of the Board:

- (1) The senior officers appointed by the Board shall manage derivative trade in accordance with the following principles:
 - (1.1) Appoint designated senior officers to pay close attention to the monitoring and control of the transaction risk inherent to derivative trade from time to time.
 - (1.2) Assess the performance of derivative trade to determine if the transactions are relevant with the corporate strategy of the Company and within the tolerance of risk at regular intervals.
- (2) T The Board shall authorized senior officers to manage derivative trade in accordance with the following principles:
 - (2.1) Assess if the risk management policy is appropriate and is in compliance with

applicable laws and this Procedure at regular intervals.

(2.2) Monitor the transaction and the profit position, take necessary measures in response to any exclusion discovered, and report to the Board at once. If the Company has established the positions of Independent Directors, the Independent Directors shall attend the session of the Board to express opinion.

(3) Where the Company may authorize designated personnel to conduct derivative trade under this Procedure, such personnel shall report the result to the Board in the nearest session.

5.9.5 The Company shall set up a registry for tracking derivative trade with the particulars of the types of derivatives, the amount of trade, the date of approval by the Chairman or the Board, and the items under cautious assessment under 5.9.4 (1), 5.9.4 (2) (2.1) and 5.9.6(1) inscribed therein.

5.9.6 Method of routine assessment and response to exceptions

(1) Assess the position of derivative trade at least once a week, and the position of hedge trade for business needs at least twice a month. Present the assessment report to the senior officer authorized by the Board.

(2) The Board shall authorize a senior officer to monitor and assess the risk management policy current in effect at regular interval to ensure it is effective and appropriate, the conduct of derivative trade is in compliance with applicable rules and regulations, the performance of derivative trade is relevant with the corporate strategy of the Company, and the risk is controlled within the threshold of the Company, and report to the Chairman of any exclusion to map out the solution for the problem, and report to the nearest session of the Board on the status.

5.10 The assessment and procedure for merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of assigned shares:

5.10.1 Before the Board convenes for making decision of merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares, consult the CPAs, lawyers, or securities underwriters to express opinions on the rationality of the ratio of share swap, acquisition price, or the cash dividend or other assets payable to the shareholders and present to the Board for discussion. In the merger between the Company and direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries by shareholding or capital, or the merger between the direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries by shareholding or capital of the Company, the aforementioned requirement of the professional opinions on the rationality of the merger by experts could be waived.

5.10.2 Prepare public documents for the shareholders containing information on the merger, spinoff, or acquisition, including the terms and conditions of the merger, spinoff and acquisition and related matters before the convention of the Shareholders Meeting. The professional opinions of the experts in 5.10.1 and the notice of Shareholders Meeting shall also be forwarded to the shareholders at the same time as reference for the shareholders in making decision of the merger, spinoff, or acquisition. Unless

the convention of Shareholders Meeting for decision of the merger, spinoff, or acquisition is not required under law.

If any side of the companies participating in the merger, spinoff, or acquisition cannot successfully hold the session of Shareholders Meeting and make decision due to the lack of a quorum and sufficient votes, or under other legal restrictions, or the motion was vetoed by the Shareholders Meeting, the companies participating in the merger, spinoff, or acquisition shall explain the cause, remedial action to be taken and the expected date of a new round of convention of the Shareholders Meeting to the public.

5.10.3 The companies participating in the merger, spinoff or acquisition shall report to Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as “FSC”) for consent in the first place and hold session of the Board and the Shareholders Meeting on the same day for resolution of merger, spinoff, or acquisition unless the law provides otherwise or under special circumstances. Companies participating in the acceptance of assigned shares shall call for the Board meeting on the same day unless the law provides otherwise or under special circumstance that the prior approval of the Financial Supervisory Commission.

5.10.4 If the companies participating in the merger, spinoff or acceptance of assigned shares are companies listed at TWSE or TPEX, compile the following information into record in writing and retain for 5 years as reference.

(1) Basic information on the personnel: they are the personnel participating in the planning or execution of the merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of assigned shares before the disclosure of related information, and the titles, names, ID card number (passport numbers for foreign nationals).

(2) Date of vital events: including the date on which the statement of intent or MOU was signed, the appointment of financial or legal counsels, contracts were signed, and convention of the Board.

(3) Important documents and minutes of meeting on record: they are the plans, statement of intent or MOU, essential agreements and minutes of Board meeting on record respecting the merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares.

5.10.5 If the companies participating in the merger, spinoff or acceptance of assigned shares are companies listed at TWSE or TPEX, declare the information as specified in 5.10.4(1)~(2) in the required format with the competent authority via the Internet information system for record within 2 days after the resolution of the Board.

If the companies participating in the merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of assigned shares are not listed at TWSE or TPEX, participants who are companies listed at TWSE or TPEX shall enter into agreement with the former and proceed to 5.10.4 and 5.10.5..

5.10.6 Personnel who participated in or acknowledged the plans of merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares shall declare in undertaking of

confidentiality in writing, and shall not disclose the content of the plans before disclosure, and shall not trade the stocks and other equity securities issued by the companies participating in the merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of assigned shares in their own names or in the name of a third party.

5.10.7 Participants of the merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares shall change the ratio of share swap or the acquisition price at free will except the following, and shall specify the conditions for the changes of share swap or acquisition price in the agreements on the merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares.

- (1) Raising capital by issuing new shares, issuing of convertible bonds, stock dividend, issuing exchangeable bonds, issuing preferred shares with subscription warranty, subscription warrants, and any other equity securities.
- (2) Disposal of major assets that significantly affected the financial position of the Company.
- (3) Occurrence of severe disasters, significant change in technology and others that affected the shareholders equity or stock price of the Company.
- (4) Any side of the participants in merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares elects to make adjustment in the repurchase of treasury shares.
- (5) Significant change in the number and the organizations of the participants of the merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares.
- (6) Other conditions for changes as inscribed in the contracts and have been publicly disclosed.

5.10.8 The rights and obligations of the companies participating in the merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of assigned shares shall be explicitly stated in the agreements on the merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned shares.

- (1) Breach of contract.
- (2) The company being acquired in the merger or spin off has offered equity securities in advance, or has the principle of handling the repurchase of treasury shares.
- (3) The quantity of treasury shares that the participating companies could repurchase under law after the day of calculation of the ratio of share swap and the principle of the operation.
- (4) The response to the change in the organization or the number of participating companies.
- (5) The scheduled progress of the plan and the expected date of completion.
- (6) If the plan cannot be completed on schedule, the procedure for the anticipated date and related procedure for holding Shareholders Meeting under law.

5.10.9 Change in the number of participants in the merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of shares through assignment: If any of the participants in the merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of shares through assignment desires to engage in merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of shares through assignment with other

companies, it will not be necessary for the participant to hold another round of the Shareholders Meeting unless the number of participants decreased and the Shareholders Meeting has resolved and authorized the Board for making change in the authority, the procedures or legal action of the previous merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of shares already accomplished shall be reenacted by all participants.

5.10.10 If some of the participants in the merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of assigned share are not public companies, the Company shall enter into agreement with these companies in accordance with 5.10.3~5.10.6, and 5.10.9.

5.11 Information Transparency:

5.11.1 If any of the following applies to the acquisition or disposal of assets by the Company, declare with related information by type of asset in the required format at the designated website within 2 days after the day of occurrence:

- (1) The acquisition or disposal of property or the right-of-use of the property, or any other assets beyond property or the right-of-use of the property with related parties and the amount of transaction is equivalent to 20% of the paid-in capital or 10% of the total assets of the Company, or more than NT\$300 million. Except the trading of domestic government bonds, R/P and reverse R/P bonds, the subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities trust enterprises.
- (2) Proceeding to merger, spinoff, acquisition or acceptance of assigned shares.
- (3) The loss resulted from derivative trade at designated amount in whole or in particular contract of the Procedure.
- (4) The acquisition or disposal of business equipment and the right-of-use assets with non-related parties and the amount is equivalent to any of the following levels:
 - (4.1) The transaction amount is more than NT\$500 million for public companies with paid-in capital of less than NT\$10,000 million.
 - (4.2) The transaction amount is more than NT\$1,000 million for public companies with paid-in capital of more than NT\$10,000 million.
- (5) Acquisition of property through commissioning of construction on proprietary lands or leased lands, joint venture in construction with split up of the finished premises, joint venture in construction with split up of proceeds from sale, Joint venture in construction with separate marketing of the finished premises and the counterparty of trade is not a related party that the Company is expected to invest more than NT\$500 million.
- (6) The amount of transaction is equivalent to 20% of the paid-in capital or more than NT\$300 million except the trading of assets specified from (1) to (5), debts disposed by financial institutions, or investment in Mainland China. Except the following:
 - (a) Trading of domestic bonds or foreign bonds with a foreign central government with a sovereign rating not lower than the sovereign rating of Taiwan.

- (b) Where done by professional investors—securities trading on Stock Exchange or Securities Dealer, or subscription of foreign bonds or ordinary corporate bonds or general bank debentures without equity characteristics (excluding subordinated debt) that are offered and issued in the primary market, or subscription or redemption of securities investment trust funds or futures trust funds, or purchase or sell back index investment securities, or subscription by a securities firm of securities as necessitated by its undertaking business or as an advisory recommending securities firm for an emerging stock company, in accordance with the rules of the Taipei Exchange.
- (c) R/P and reverse R/P bonds, subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

The amount of the aforementioned transactions shall be calculated in accordance with the following method. One year shall be period from the day of transaction moving backward for one year in retrospect. The portion being announced could be excluded from the calculation:

- (1) The amount of each transaction.
- (2) The amount of acquisition or disposal of the same kind of subject matter of trade with particular counterparty accumulated in one year.
- (3) The amount of acquisition or disposal of property under the same development project or the right-of-use of the property accumulated in one year (accumulate separately for acquisition and disposal).
- (4) The amount of the acquisition or disposal of the same security accumulated in one year (accumulate separately for acquisition and disposal).

5.11.2 The Company enters the information on the status of its derivative trade and derivatives traded by subsidiaries which are not public companies of the ROC monthly in the required format into designated website of the competent authority by the 10th day of the next month.

5.11.3 In the event of error or missing data in the information at the time of announcement that corrective action is necessary, the Company shall make a new round of announcement and declaration within 2 days after the acknowledgement of the error or missing data.

5.11.4 In acquiring or disposing of assets, the Company shall place related contracts, minutes of meetings on record, registries, quotations, the professional opinions of the CPAs, lawyers or securities underwriters at the Company for at least 5 years unless the law provides otherwise.

5.11.5 If any of the following occurs after the Company has made announcement and declaration on the transaction as required, announce and declare related information at the designated website of the competent authority within 2 days after the occurrence:

- (1) There is a change in, termination or rescission of the original contracts.
- (2) The merger, spinoff, acquisition, or acceptance of shares cannot be completed as

scheduled in the contracts.

(3) There is a change in the content of the previous declaration.

5.11.6 Company are not public companies of the ROC, the announcement and declaration of the acquisition or disposal of assets shall be made by the Company in the names of and on behalves of these subsidiaries.

The requirements of the amount of paid-in capital or total assets as specified in 5.11.1 are applicable to the subsidiaries where the paid-in capital or total assets of the Company shall be the basis of calculation.

5.11.7 This provision is deleted.

5.11.8 f there is the requirement of 10% of total assets, it should be based on the total assets presented in the separate financial statements covering the most recent period compiled in accordance with the Criteria for the Compilation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers.

5.11.9 If the stock issued by the Company bears no face value or the face value is not NT\$10/share, the requirement of 20% of the paid-in capital in the amount of transaction shall be based on 10% of the shareholders equity attributable to the parent company. Likewise, the requirement of paid-in capital amounting to NT\$10,000 million shall be calculated on the basis of NT\$20,000 million of the shareholder equity attributable to the parent company.

5.12 The procedure for the control of acquisition or disposal of assets by subsidiaries:

(1) The Company shall urge all subsidiaries to institute the procedure for the acquisition or disposal of assets, refer to the Board for resolution and the Shareholders Meeting for ratification. The same procedure is applicable to any amendment thereto.

(2) In the acquisition or disposal of assets, subsidiaries shall follow their respective "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" or under applicable laws.

The financial department of the Company shall assess the feasibility, necessity, and rationality of the acquisition or disposal of the asset, and keep track on the status of execution for analysis and review.

(3) The internal auditors of the Company shall conduct audits on the subsidiaries in their compliance with the "Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets", and compile the findings into reports. The findings and recommendations contained in the audit reports shall be made known to respective subsidiaries for corrective action after reporting with routine follow-up with the action taken to make sure timely corrective action has been taken.

5.13 Penalty:

If any of the related personnel of the Company violated this Procedure in the acquisition or disposal of assets, such personnel shall be punished in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Company governing personnel management depending on the severity of the offense.

5.14 Supplementary effect of applicable laws: anything not covered by this Procedure shall be governed by applicable laws.

VI. Implementation and amendment

This Procedure shall be subject to the approval of the Board and the ratification of the Shareholders Meeting for coming into force. The same procedure is applicable to any amendment thereto. If specific Director holds objection on record or in written declaration, circulate related information to each member of the Auditing Committee.

The Company has established the positions of Independent Directors. If relevant motions were referred to the Board for discussion under this Procedure, consider the opinions of the Independent Directors to its entirety. If there is adverse opinion or qualified opinion from the Independent Directors, keep such opinions as minutes of Board meeting on record.

The Company has established the Auditing Committee. The institution or amendment to this Procedure shall be subject to the consent of the Auditing Committee by at least 1/2 of the members and the approval of the Board.

If the motion was not passed by more than 1/2 of the members of the Auditing Committee by passed by more than 2/3 of the Directors, specify the detail of the decision of the Auditing Committee as minutes of Board meeting on record.

All members of the Auditing Committee and all Directors as mentioned are those who are still in office.

Normative reference: Derivative Trade Registry.

Related forms and documents: Derivative Trade Registry.

Note: This Procedure is applicable to Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation and its subsidiaries.

VII. History and development:

This Procedure was instituted on: February 14 2015.

Amended for the 1st instance on June 12 2018.

Amended for the 2nd instance on June 6 2019.

Amended for the 3rd instance on April 21 2022.

[Appendix IV]

Strong H Machinery Technology (Cayman) Incorporation Status of shareholding by all Directors

- I. The Company has 68,097,240 outstanding shares.
The minimum quantity of shareholding by all Directors are 5,453,039 shares under the “Regulations Governing the Percentage of holding and Audit of Shareholding by Directors and Supervisors of Public Companies”.
- II. As of the share transfer suspension date (Apr. 18, 2026) of this Annual Shareholders’ Meeting, the actual shareholdings of all directors of the Company are as follows::

Position Title	Title/name of institution	Current shareholding	
		Number of shares	proportion of shareholding
Chairman of the Board	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD Representative: CHI, PING-HSIN	27,272,000	40.05%
Director	IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD Representative: HSU, HSIANG-JEN	27,272,000	40.05%
Director	CHI, TAO-SONG	0	0.00%
Independent Director	WANG, CHIEN-CHIN	0	0.00%
Independent Director	Tsai, Jia-Peir	0	0.00%
Independent Director	Hsiao, Chin-Heng	0	0.00%
Independent Director	Tsai, Kun-Yuan	0	0.00%

Note: The Company adopted the Auditing Committee system where 4 seats of Independent Directors are also members of this committee. There is no Supervisor and the requirement of shareholding by Supervisors at certain percentage is not applicable.

[Appendix V]

Other explanatory notes

Explanation of Shareholders' Proposal

- (1) Proposals from shareholders at this year's Shareholders' Meeting shall be accepted in writing. Proposals shall be accepted from April 13, 2026 to April 22, 2026. Proposals have been published on the MOPS according to laws and regulations.**
- (2) During the above acceptance period, the Company did not receive any shareholder proposals.**